

(2)

- (iv) The electric potential of some configuration is given by the expression

$$V(r) = A \frac{e^{-\lambda r}}{r}$$

where A and λ are constants. Find the electric field $E(r)$.

- (v) What is displacement current ? How is it different from real current ?

- (vi) Find the self inductance of a toroidal coil with rectangular cross-section with inner radius ' a ', outer radius ' b ' height ' h ' carrying a total of N turns.

- (vii) What is self inductance ? Write its SI Unit.

- (viii) Derive Gauss's law in presence of dielectrics.

- (ix) The inequality

$$\oint_S \vec{J} \cdot \hat{n} da = -\frac{d}{dt} \int_V \rho d^3r$$

represents which conservation law. Give its statement.

(3)

- (x) What is the Maxwell's correction to Ampère's law ?

2. What is magnetic vector potential ? Derive an approximate formula for the vector potential of a localized current distribution using multiple expansion. Find the vector potential of an infinite solenoid with ' n ' turns per unit length, radius R and current I .
6 + 4

3. What are Poisson's equation and Laplace equation ? Determine the solution of Laplace equation for spherical objects with azimuthal symmetry. Derive the potential on the surface of a sphere of radius R is $V_0(\theta)$. Find out the potential outside the sphere, assuming that there is no charge present at that point.
5 + 5

4. Derive an approximate expression of potential of an arbitrary localized charge distribution in powers $\frac{1}{r}$, where, r is the distance of the point in question from the charge distribution. Show