Curriculum and Syllabus



MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (MCA, 2 years)

(With Effect from July 2020)

Department of Computer Application

Veer Surendra Sai University of Technology, Sambalpur

Burla-768018

Odisha

VEER SURENDRA SAI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, BURLA DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATION

CURRICULUM FOR MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (MCA)

First Semester					
Sub Code	Subject (Theory)	L	T	P	C
MCA01001	Discrete Mathematics	3	0	0	3
MCA01002	Computer System Architecture	3	0	0	3
MCA01003	Data Structure Using 'C'	3	0	0	3
MCA01004	Operating System	3	0	0	3
MCA01005	Database Engineering	3	0	0	3
	Subject(Sessional)				
MCA01006	Data Structure Using C Lab	0	0	3	2
MCA01007	Operating System Lab	0	0	3	2
MCA01008	Database Engineering Lab	0	0	3	2
	Total				21

	Second Semester				
Sub Code	Subject (Theory)	L	T	P	C
MCA02001	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
MCA02002	Analysis and Design of Algorithms	3	0	0	3
MCA02003	Object Oriented Programming Using C++	3	0	0	3
MCA02004	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3
MCA02005	Formal Language and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3
	Subject(Sessional)				
MCA02006	Object Oriented Programming Using C++ Lab	0	0	3	2
MCA02007	Software Engineering Lab	0	0	3	2
MCA02008	Algorithm Design Lab	0	0	3	2
	Total				21

Third Semester					
Sub Code	Subject (Theory)	L	T	P	C
MCA03001	Programming with JAVA	3	0	0	3
MCA03002	Compiler Design	3	0	0	3
	NPTEL MOOC COURSE (min. 8 weeks)	0	0	0	3
	Elective I and II	3	0	0	3
	Elective I and II	3	0	0	3
	Subject(Sessional)				
MCA03003		0	0	3	2
	Seminar and Technical Writing	0	0	3	2
	Dissertation and Interim Evaluation	0	0	3	2
	Total				21

Fourth Semester					
Sub Code	Subject (Theory)	L	T	P	C
	Elective III and IV	3	0	0	3
	Elective III and IV	3	0	0	3
	Subject(Sessional)				
	Comprehensive Viva-Voice	0	0	0	1
	Dissertation Evaluation	0	0	4	6
	Total				13

Total Credit of four Semesters = 76

	Elective I & II
Subject Code	Subject Name
MCAPE301	Artificial Intelligence
MCAPE302	Soft Computing
MCAPE303	Computer Network security
MCAPE304	Information System Design
MCAPE305	Real-time System
MCAPE306	Mobile Computing
MCAPE307	Introduction to Data Science
MCAPE308	Machine Learning
MCAPE309	Internet-of-Things
MCAPE310	Big-Data Analytics
MCAPE311	Cyber Law and Security
MCAPE312	Intellectual Property Rights
MCAPE313	Web Technology
MCAPE314	Embedded System
MCAPE315	Management Information System

Elective III & IV		
Subject Code	Subject Name	
MCAPE401	Digital Image Processing	
MCAPE402	Data Mining	
MCAPE403	Advanced Computer Networks	
MCAPE404	Distributed Operating System	
MCAPE405	Cloud Computing	
MCAPE406	Simulation and Modelling	
MCAPE407	Wireless Sensor Networks	
MCAPE408	Software Project management	
MCAPE409	Advance Database Management Systems	
MCAPE410	Data Analytics	
MCAPE411	Advanced Computer Architecture	
MCAPE412	Intelligence Data Analysis	
MCAPE413	Deep Learning	
MCAPE414	E-Commerce and ERP	
MCAPE415	Computer Graphics and Multimedia	
MCAPE416	Computer Based Optimization techniques	

Value Added Courses aim to provide learner centric technical training. The main objectives of the program are:

To provide students an understanding of the expectations of industry.

To improve employability skills of students.

To bridge the skill gaps and make students industry ready.

To provide an opportunity to students to develop inter-disciplinary skills.

C++, SE, WT, DM, ML, CC, DE

With

NPTEL Certification Courses (MOOC Courses)

NPTEL (National Programme on Technology Enhanced Learning) is a joint initiative of the IITs and IISc. Through this initiative, online courses and certification in various topics are offered to the students and scholars to enrich their knowledge in various domains.

Employability Courses:

Industrial Internship and Certification courses (CLOUD/IoT/PhP/Arduino/Machine Learning/Oracle / SAP / Cyber Security / Java/ CCNA from Udemy/Coursera) during 1st Year.

VISION OF THE DEPARTMENT

The Department of Computer Application has a multi-objective mission:

- To enable students acquire good academic and computational skills and devotion to scientific and technical knowledge.
- To inculcate the values of perseverance, sincerity and honesty.
- To empower them to become socially and economically responsible citizens of this country.

MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT

The Department of Computer Application at Veer Surendra Sai University of Technology, Burla aims to inculcate value based, socially committed professionalism in the students to the cause of overall development of students and society using a compound metric comprising of:

- **M1.** To provide qualitative education and generate new knowledge by engaging in cutting edge research projects and by offering state of the art postgraduate programmes, leading to careers as Computer Science professionals in the widely diversified domains of industry, government and academia.
- **M2.** To promote a teaching and learning process that yields advancements in state of the art in computer science, resulting in integration of intellectual foundation and technical knowledge into other scientific disciplines leading to new technologies and products.
- **M3.** To harness human capital for sustainable competitive edge and social relevance by inculcating the philosophy of continuous learning and innovation in Computer Science and application.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

POs describe what students are expected to know or be able to do by the time of post-graduation from the programme. The Program Outcomes of the MCA Programme are described as below:

- **PO-1:** Strong foundation in core Computer Science and Application, both theoretical and applied concepts.
- **PO-2:** Ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering to real life problem solving.
- **PO-3:** Ability to analyze, design, model, and develop complex software and information management systems.
- **PO-4:** Ability to function effectively within teams.
- **PO-5:** Understanding of professional ethical responsibility.
- **PO-6:** Ability to communicate effectively, both in writing and oral.
- **PO-7:** Understanding the impact of Computer Science solutions in the societal and human context.
- **PO-8:** Ability to engage in lifelong learning.
- **PO-9:** Knowledge of contemporary issues.

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

Program Educational Objectives are broad statements that describe the career and professional accomplishments that the program is preparing postgraduates to achieve.

PEO-1: Technical Knowledge

To bring the physical, analytical and computational approaches of Computer Science to bear on the challenges they take on, abstracting essential structure, recognizing sources of uncertainty, and applying appropriate models, technical tools, and evaluations to develop their solutions.

PEO-2: Leadership

To bring to their careers the self-assurance, integrity, and technical strengths that drive innovation and the communication and collaboration skills to inspire and guide the groups they work with in bringing their ideas to fruition.

PEO-3: Versatility

To develop abilities and talents leading to creativity and productivity in fields and professions beyond the regular MCA curriculum.

PEO-4: Engagement

To promote lifelong self learning abilities to remain professionally effective to the society at large.

PEO-5: Diversification

To promote among student postgraduates the ability to gain multidisciplinary knowledge through projects and industrial training, leading to a sustainable competitive edge in R&D and meeting societal needs.

PEO-6: Projects

To inculcate group work and team management skills with cross cultural etiquettes, promoting knowledge transfer leading to conceptualization and delivery of projects with varied complexity.

PEO-7: Ethics and Attitudes

To sensitize students towards issues of social relevance, openness to other international cultures and to introduce them to professional ethics and practice.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

On completion of the Master of Computer Applications degree, the graduates will be able to:

PSO-1: Design, develop and implement interdisciplinary application software projects for efficient design of computer-based systems of varying complexity, in order to meet the demands of industry requirements using modern tools and technologies.

PSO-2: It is intended to provide Industry oriented education in applied computer science and to pursue careers in IT industry/ consultancy/ research and development, teaching and allied areas related to computer science.

FIRST SEMESTER

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS (MCA01001)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. Simplify and evaluate basic logic statements including compound statements, implications, inverses, converses, and contra positives using truth tables and the properties of logic. Express a logic sentence in terms of predicates, quantifiers, and logical connectives. Apply the operations of sets and use Venn diagrams to solve applied problems; solve problems using the principle of inclusion-exclusion.
- 2. Determine the domain and range of a discrete or non-discrete function, graph functions, identify one-to-one functions, perform the composition of functions, find and/or graph the inverse of a function, and apply the properties of functions to application problems. List the terms in a sequence, write a sequence in closed form, compute the sum of a finite. sequence, compute the product of a finite sequence, and express sequences in terms of recursive or non-recursive forms.
- 3. Solve counting problems by applying elementary counting techniques using the product and sum rules, permutations, combinations, the pigeon-hole principle, and binomial expansion. Solve discrete probability problems and use sets to solve problems in combinatorics and probability theory.
- 4. Describe binary relations between two sets; determine if a binary relation is reflexive, symmetric, or transitive or is an equivalence relation; combine relations using set operations and composition. Describe N-ary relations between N sets and apply basic database operations such as projections to N-ary relations.
- 5. Determine if a given graph is simple or a multigraph, directed or undirected, cyclic or acyclic, and determine the connectivity of a graph. Represent a graph using an adjacency list and an adjacency matrix and apply graph theory to application problems such as computer networks. Determine if a graph has an Euler or a Hamilton path or circuit.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: Able to understand basic terminology, formal logic, Notation and its application.

CO2: Able to understand the theory of inference and Predicate Calculus.

CO3: Able to specify and manipulate basic mathematical objects such as sets, functions and induction to recursion.

CO4: Able to understand the basic concepts of Algebraic Structures & Groups.

CO5: Able to understand the basic concept graphs, trees and related algorithms.

Module-I (10 Periods)

Logic: Propositional equivalence, predicates and quantifiers, Methods of proofs, proof strategy, sequences and summation, mathematical induction, recursive definitions and structural induction, program correctness.

Counting: The basics of counting, the pigeonhole principle, permutations and combinations, recurrence relations, solving recurrence relations, generating functions, inclusion-exclusion principle, application of inclusion-exclusion.

Module-II (10 Periods)

Relations: Relations and their properties, n-array relations and their applications, representing relations, closure of relations, equivalence of relations, partial orderings.

Graph theory: Introduction to graphs, graph terminology, representing graphs and graph isomorphism, connectivity, Euler and Hamilton paths, planar graphs, graph coloring, introduction to trees, application of trees.

Module-III (6 Periods)

Group theory: Groups, subgroups, generators and evaluation of powers, cosets and Lagrange's theorem, permutation groups and Burnside's theorem, isomorphism, auto orphisms, homomorphism and normal subgroups, rings, integral domains and fields.

Module-IV (8 Periods)

Lattice theory: Lattices and algebras systems, principles of duality, basic properties of algebraic systems defined by lattices, distributive and complimented lattices, Boolean lattices and Boolean algebras, uniqueness of finite Boolean expressions, prepositional calculus.

Module-V (6 Periods)

Coding theory: Coding of binary information and error detection, decoding and error correction.

Text Books:

- 1. K.H. Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and its application", 5th edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication
- 2. C. L. Liu, "Elements of Discrete Mathematics", 2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication

- 1. G. Shankar Rao, "Discrete Mathematical Structure", New Age Publisher
- 2.D. P. Acharjaya, Sreekumar "Fundamental Approach to Discrete Mathematics", New Age Publisher

COMPUTER SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE (MCA01002)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. **To become familiar** in how Computer Systems work with its basic principles and How to analyze the system performance.
- 2. **To become familiar** in techniques to improve Computer performance using different hardware components and the advanced concepts of pipelining techniques.
- 3. **To provide the knowledge** on the state of art in memory system design and its different variants with Instruction Level Parallelism.
- 4. **To impart the knowledge** on structure and performance of Parallel computer architectures.
- 5. **To impart the knowledge** on Interconnection Network communication and synchronization.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to,

CO1: Explain the architecture and working principle of computer hardware components.

CO2: Understand the concept and operation of pipelining and performance improvement.

CO3: Explain the hierarchical memory system including cache memories and virtual memory.

CO4: Outline the operation of Instruction level parallelism and analyze the different Parallel computer architectures and their performance.

CO5: Explain the ways of communication between Interconnection Networks and issues of synchronization.

Module – I: (8 Periods)

Introduction: Review of basic computer architecture, Quantitative techniques in computer design, measuring and reporting performance.

Module – II: (8 Periods)

Pipelining: Basic concepts, Instruction and Arithmetic pipeline, Data hazards, Control hazards and Structural hazards, Techniques for handling hazards. Exception handling. Pipeline optimization techniques.

Module – III: (8 Periods)

Hierarchical memory technology: Inclusion, Coherence and locality properties, Cache memory organizations, Techniques for reducing cache misses; Virtual memory organization, Mapping and Management techniques, Memory replacement policies.

Module – IV: (8 Periods)

Instruction-level Parallelism: Basic concepts, Techniques for increasing ILP, Superscalar, Superpipelined and VLIW Processor architectures. Array and Vector processors

Module – V: (8 Periods)

Multiprocessor architecture: Taxonomy of Parallel Architectures, Centralized shared-memory architecture, Synchronization, Memory consistency, Interconnection networks. Distributed shared memory architecture. Cluster computers

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic and Safwat Zaky, "Computer Organization", Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 2. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture Designing for Performance", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

REFRENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Patterson, "Computer Organisation and Design", Elsevier
- 2. John P Hayes, "Computer Organization", McGraw Hill
- 3. Mano," Computer System Architecture", PHI

DATA STRUCTURE USING C (MCA01003)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. To develop skills to design and analyze linear and non-linear data structures.
- 2. Develop algorithms for manipulating linked lists, stacks, queues, trees and graphs.
- 3. Develop recursive algorithms as they apply to trees and graphs.
- 4. To Strengthen the ability to identify and apply the suitable data structure for the given real world problem.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this Course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand basic data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, graphs, trees and heaps.

CO2: Describe hashing, hash function, concepts of collision and its resolution methods.

CO3: Apply minimum cost spanning tree concept to solve a variety of problems.

CO4: Apply BFS and DFS graph traversals to solve different problems.

CO5: Apply algorithms for solving problems like sorting, searching, insertion, deletion and retrieval of data.

MODULE – I (10 Periods)

Introduction: Basics of C programming: function, structure, pointer, Data Structure, Basic Terminology, Basic Data Structures and Operations, Algorithm Complexity and Time-Space Trade-off. **Stacks:** Representation and Implementation of Stacks, Operations on Stacks: Create, Push, Pop, Stack Overflow and Stack Underflow, Applications of Stacks: Infix to Postfix Conversion and Evaluation of Postfix Expression. **Queues:** Representation and Implementation of Queues, Operations on Queues: Create, Add, Delete, Full and Empty, Circular queues, D-queues and Priority Queues, Applications of Queues.

MODULE – II (06 Periods)

Linked list: Representation and Implementation of Singly Linked Lists, Traversing and Searching of Linked List, Overflow and Underflow, Insertion and deletion to/from Linked Lists, Doubly Linked List, Polynomial Representation and Addition, Garbage Collection and Compaction.

MODULE – III (06 Periods)

Trees: Basic Terminology, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Representation, Algebraic Expressions, Complete Binary Tree, Extended Binary Tree, Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals: Pre-Order, In-Order and Post-Order traversals, Binary Search Tree (BST), Insertion and Deletion in BST, Height Balanced Trees (AVL Trees).

MODULE – IV (06 Periods)

Graphs: Terminology and Representation, Directed Graphs, Sequential Representation of Graphs, Adjacency Matrix, Adjacency List, Graph Traversals: Breadth First Search (BFS) and Depth First Search (DFS), Spanning Trees, Topological Sorting`

MODULE – V (12 Periods)

Searching: Linear Search, Binary search **Sorting:** Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Heap Sort, Radix Sort **Hashing:** Hash Table, Hash Functions, Collision Resolution Techniques, Open and Closed Hashing, Hash Table Implementation

Text Books:

- 1. Reema Thareja, "Data Structures Using C", Oxford University Press
- 2. A.K.Rath and A.K.Jagadev, "Data Structures and Program Design using C", Scitech Publications.

- 1. M. Tanenbaum, "Data Structures using C & C++", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Bruno R Preiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms with Object Oriented Design Pattern
 - in C++", John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 3. Horowitz and Sahani, "Fundamentals of data Structures", Galgotia Publication Pvt. Ltd.

OPERATING SYSTEM (MCA01004)

LTPC

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. To learn the fundamentals of Operating Systems.
- 2. To learn the mechanisms of OS to handle processes, threads and their communication.
- 3. To know the components and management aspects of concurrency management like Mutual exclusion algorithms, deadlock detection algorithms.
- 4. To learn the mechanisms involved in memory management in contemporary OS.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Describe the role of operating system and explain the different structures of operating system.

CO2: Explain process management and compare the performance of various process scheduling algorithms.

CO3: Propose solutions for achieving process synchronization.

CO4: State the conditions that lead to deadlock and apply deadlock prevention, detection, avoidance algorithms.

CO5: Discuss different memory management techniques.

MODULE-I (08 Periods)
Overview of Operating Systems: Introduction, how OS takes System Control, Why OS is essential, Functions of the Operating Systems, Evolution of Operating Systems, Generations

MODULE-II (08 Periods)

Operating System Structure & Processes: Introduction, System Components, Operating System Structure, Operating System Services, System Calls, System Programs, Process, Process States, Process Control.

MODULE-III (80 Periods)

Operating System Services for Process Management & Scheduling: Introduction, Process Creation, Termination & Other Issues, Threads, Multithreading, Types of Threads, Schedulers, Types of Schedulers, Types of Scheduling, Scheduling Algorithms, Types of Scheduling Algorithms.

MODULE-IV (08 Periods)

Process Synchronization, Interprocess Communication & Deadlock: Introduction, Data Access and Control Synchronization, Critical Sections, Race Condition, Classical Problems & Solutions of Process Synchronization, Semaphores, Message Passing, Deadlock, Conditions for Deadlock, Resource Allocation Graph, Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, Recovery from Deadlocks.

MODULE-V (08 Periods)

Memory Management & Virtual Memory: Introduction, Memory Management Schemes, Sharing and Protection in Paging, Sharing and Protection in Segmentation, Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Page Replacement Algorithms, Thrashing

Text Books:

- 1. Silberschatz and Galvin, "Operating System Concepts", John Wiley Publishing
- 2. Naresh Chauhan, "Principles of Operating Systems", Oxford India Publications

- 1. Pabitra Pal Choudhury, "Operating System Principles and Design", PHI Publication
- 2. Sibsankar Halder and Alex A. Aravind, "Operating System", Pearson Education
- 3. William Stallings, "Operating Systems Internals & Design Principles", Pearson Education

DATABASE ENGINEERING (MCA01005)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:-

- 1. Acquire knowledge in fundamentals of Data Base Management System and be able to analyze the difference between traditional file system and DBMS.
- 2. Able to handle different Data Base languages and various data models for Data Base.
- 3. Able to write queries mathematically and design data base and normalize data with gaining knowledge about how query are being processed and executed.
- 4. Deal with online transactions and Concurrency control with knowledge of Data Base failures and Recovery.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Able to handle with different Data Base languages and various data models for Data Base.

CO2: Able to draw ER model and write queries mathematically and design data base

CO3: Able to find anomalies and normalize data.

CO4: Able to write the queries using both sql and pl/sql.

CO5: Deal with online transactions, control Concurrency and understand types of Data Base failures and Recovery.

Module-I (06 Periods)

Introduction to DBMS: concept and overview of DBMS, data models, DB languages, DB users and Administrator, 3-schema architecture of DBMS, data independence, EF Codd Rule.

Module-II (06 Periods)

ER Model: basic concepts, design issues, keys, ER diagram, Weak entity sets, Extended ER features. **Relational model:** structure of relational model, Relational algebra, Extended relational algebra Operations.

Module – III (08 Periods)

Relational database design: FDs, Anamolies in designing DB, Normalization using FDs, various Normal forms-1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, 4NF, 5NF.

Module – IV (10 Periods)

SQL and **Integrity Constraints**: Concepts of DDL, DML, DCL, various SQL operations: set operations, aggregate functions, constraints, view, nested sub queries, PL/SQL, cursor, trigger.

Module – V (10 Periods)

Internals of RDBMS: Query optimization, various optimization algorithms, Transaction processing, concurrency control and recovery management. **Advanced Database:** OODB, WEB based DB, Data warehousing and Data mining.

Text Books:

- 1)Er.Rajiv chopra, "Database management systems, A Practical Approach", S.Chand Publishing
- 2) Ramkrishna, "Database management systems", Tata McGraw Hill Publication

- 1)Korth, Silverschatz, Abraham," **Database system concepts**", Tata McGraw Hill Publication
- 2) R. Elmasri, S.B Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database System", Adesion Wesley Publishing

DATA STRUCTURES USING C LABORATORY (MCA01006)

L T P C 0 0 3 2

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the representation and use of primitive data types, built in data structure and allocation, use in memory.

CO2: Implement various basic data structures and its operations.

CO3: Apply and implement the learned algorithms for problem solving.

CO4: Identify the appropriate data structure to develop real time applications.

CO5: Implement various sorting and searching algorithms.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Implementation of Stack Using Array.
- 2. Implementation of Queue Using Array.
- 3. Implementation of Infix to Postfix Conversion using Stack.
- 4. Evaluation of Postfix Expression using Stack.
- 5. Implementation of Singly Linked List.
- 6. Implementation of Doubly Linked List.
- 7. Implementation of Stack Using Linked List.
- 8. Implementation of Queue Using Linked List.
- 9. Implementation of Binary Tree Traversal: Preorder, Inorder and Postorder.
- 10. Implementation of Binary Search Tree.
- 11.Implementation of sorting algorithms: Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort and Heap sort.
- 12. Implementation of Searching Algorithms: Linear Search and Binary Search
- 13. Implementation of Breadth First Search (BFS) in a Graph.
- 14. Implementation of Depth First Search (DFS) in a Graph.
- 15. Implementation of Hashing using hash functions.

OPERATING SYSTEMS LABORATORY (MCA01007)

LTPC

0 0 3 2

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. To gain practical experience with designing and implementing concepts of Operating Systems.
- 2. To know the Various CPU Scheduling algorithms.
- 3. To learn Memory management and Page replacement schemes.
- 4. To know the different concurrency management methodologies.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand and Implement basic services and Functionalities of the operating system using System Calls.

CO2: Understand the Benefits of Thread over Process and Implement synchronized programs using Multithreading Concepts.

CO3: Analyze and Simulate CPU Scheduling Algorithms like FCFS, Round Robin, SJF, and Priority.

CO4: Implement Memory Management schemes and Page Replacement Schemes.

CO5: Understand the Concepts of Deadlock in Operating Systems and Implement them in Multiprogramming System.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Write a C program to simulate the following non-preemptive CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround time and waiting time.
 - a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin (pre-emptive) d) Priority
- 2. Write a C program to simulate Multi-level Feedback Queue Scheduling algorithm considering the following scenario. All the processes in the system are divided into two categories System processes and User processes. System processes are to be given higher priority than user processes. Use FCFS scheduling for the processes in each queue.
- 3. Write a C program to simulate the MVT and MFT memory management techniques.

- 4. Write a C program to simulate the following Contiguous Memory allocation techniques a) Worst-fit b) Best-fit c) First-fit
- 5. Write a C program to simulate Paging technique of Memory management.
- 6. Write a C program to simulate Bankers algorithm for the purpose of deadlock avoidance.
- 7. Write a C program to simulate Disk scheduling algorithms a) FCFS b) SCAN c) C-SCAN
- 8. Write a C program to simulate Page replacement algorithms a) FIFO b) LRU c) LFU
- 9. Write a C program to simulate Page replacement algorithms a) Optimal
- 10. Write a C program to simulate Producer-Consumer problem using semaphores.
- 11. Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.

DATABASE ENGINEERING LABORATORY (MCA01008)

L T P C 0 0 3 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Acquire knowledge in fundamentals of Data Base Management System and be able to analyze the difference between traditional file system and DBMS.
- 2. Able to handle different Data Base languages and various data models for Data Base.
- 3. Able to write queries mathematically and design data base and normalize data with gaining knowledge about how query are being processed and executed.
- 4. Deal with online transactions and Concurrency control with knowledge of Data Base failures and Recovery.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Use different Database languages and can write queries mathematically.

CO2: Design data base and normalize data.

CO3: Understand types of Data Base failures and Recovery and deal with online transactions and control Concurrency.

CO4: Able to write programs using both sql ans pl/sql.

CO5: Able to write triggers.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Execute a single line and group functions for a table.
- 2. Execute DCL and TCL Commands.
- 3. Create and manipulate various DB objects for a table.
- 4. Create views, partitions and locks for a particular DB
- 5. Write PL/SQL procedure for an application using exception handling
- 6. Write PL/SQL procedure for an application using cursors.
- 7. Write a DBMS program to prepare reports for an application using functions.
- 8. Write a PL/SQL block for transaction operations of a typical application using triggers.
- 9. Write a PL/SQL block for transaction operations of a typical application using package.
- 10. Design and develop an application using any front end and back end tool (make use of ER diagram and DFD).

- 11. Create table for various relation.
- 12. Implement the query in sql for a) insertion b) retrieval c) updating d) deletion.
- 13. Creating Views
- 14. Writing Assertion
- 15. Writing Triggers
- 16. Implementing operation on relation using PL/SQL
- 17. Creating Forms
- 18. Generating Reports

SECOND SEMESTER

COMPUTER NETWORKS (MCA02001)

LTPO

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. Independently understand basic computer network technology, Data Communications System and its components. Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- 2. Enumerate the layers of the OSI model and TCP/IP. Explain the function(s) of each layer.
- 3. Identify the different types of network devices and their functions within a network
- 4. Understanding the different networking layers protocols.
- 5. Understand and transport layer and application layer protocols and its applications in real world problem.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: describe communication and layered network architectures and to explain conventional computer system interfacing standards.

CO2: design basic network systems using routing methods and analyze data communication technology.

CO3: describe the operation of a packet based sliding window protocol, Encryption and Decryption methods.

CO4: describe the operation of application layer using SMTP, TELNET, DNS, and FTP etc.

CO5: Allow the student to gain expertise in some specific areas of networking such as the design and maintenance of individual networks.

Module-I (12 Periods)

Overview of the Internet: introduction to data communication, computer networks, Protocol, Layering Scenario, TCP/IP Protocol Suite: The OSI Model, Internet history, standards and administration; Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP reference model. **Physical Layer:** data and signals: analog and digital, periodic analog signals, digital signals, transmission impairments, data rate limit, Guided transmission media, unguided transmission media.

Module– II (08 Periods)

Data Link Layer: error detection and correction design issues, CRC codes, Elementary Data Link Layer Protocols, sliding window protocols, noisy and noiseless channels.

Multiple Access Protocols: random access, controlled access, channelization, ALOHA, CSMA,

Module – III (06 Periods)

Connecting devices: learning bridges, spanning tree bridges, repeaters, hubs, bridges, switches, routers and gateways, definition of multiplexing and types.

Network Layer: Network Layer Design issues, store and forward packet switching, connection less and connection oriented networks-routing algorithms-optimality principle, circuit and packet switching, definition of flooding and multicast.

Module – IV (05 Periods)

Routing protocols: Shortest Path, Routing uni-cast Distance Vector Routing, RIP, link state protocols, path vector routing. **Internetworking:** logical addressing, internet protocols, IP address, CIDR, IPv4 addressing, IPv6 Protocol addressing, addresses mapping, ICMP, IGMP, ARP, RARP, DHCP.

Module -- V (09 Periods)

Transport Protocols: process to process delivery, UDP, TCP, TCP Service Model, TCP Sliding Window, TCP Congestion Control, congestion control and quality of service. **Application Layer-** Introduction, providing services, Client server model, Standard client-server application-HTTP, FTP, electronic mail, TELNET, DNS.

Text Books:

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "**Data Communications and Networking**", McGraw Hill Publication
- 2. Andrew S Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", Pearson Education

- 1. L. L. Peterson and B. S. Davie, "Computer Networks", Elsevier.
- 2. James F. Kurose, K. W. Ross, "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", Pearson Education.

ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS (MCA02002)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To be able to analyze correctness and the running time of the basic algorithms for some classic problems in various domains and to be able to apply the algorithms and design techniques to advanced data structures.
- **2.** To be able to analyze the running time complexity of different searching and sorting algorithms.
- **3.** To learn different types of algorithm design techniques like divide and conquer, dynamic programming, greedy method, backtracking, branch and bound and their applications in solving different practical problems.
- **4**. To study different types of minimum cost spanning trees, shortest path algorithms, flow networks, string matching algorithms, NP-completeness and reductions.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Study different types of asymptotic notations that are used to analyze the running time of different algorithms and solve recurrences.

CO2: Analyze and derive the running time for different searching and sorting algorithms, study about AVL trees and their construction, Red-Black trees, Overview of Divide and Conquer paradigm with examples.

CO3: Solve a variety of problems using different algorithm design paradigms like Dynamic Programming, Greedy Method, construction of Minimum Spanning Tree, study of Shortest Path problem and Maximum Network Flow problem.

CO4: Study of different String Matching algorithms, Backtracking method, example problems and their backtracking solution using State Space Search Tree method.

CO5: Study of Branch and Bound technique, example problems and their solution using State Space Search Tree method, study of P, NP and NP-Complete problems, Approximation algorithms and example problems.

MODULE-I: (8 Periods)

Notion of Algorithm: Growth of functions, Recurrences: The Master method, The Substitution method, The Iteration method, Asymptotic Notations and Basic Efficiency Classes (Use of Big O, θ , etc.) in analysis of algorithms, Mathematical Analysis of few Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms.

MODULE-II: (8 Periods)

Sorting and Searching Techniques: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Sequential Search, Binary Search, Depth First Search and Breadth First Search, Balanced Search Trees, AVL Trees, Red-Black Trees, Heaps and Heap Sort, Disjoint Set and their Implementation, Divide and Conquer Paradigm of problem solving, Complexity analysis and understanding of Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Binary Search Trees.

MODULE-III: (8 Periods)

Greedy Techniques: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm, Dijkstra's and Bellman Ford Algorithm, Huffman Trees, Knapsack problem.

Dynamic Programming Paradigm : Floyd-Warshall Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search trees, Matrix Chain Multiplication Problem, Longest Common Subsequence Problem, 0/1 Knapsack Problem, Maximum Network Flow Problem.

MODULE-IV: (8 Periods)

String Matching Algorithms: Naive string matching algorithm, The Rabin-Karp Algorithm, string matching with Finite Automata, Knuth Morris Pratt string matching algorithm.

Backtracking: n-Queen's problem, Hamiltonian Circuit problem, Subset-Sum problem, State Space Search Tree for these problems

MODULE-V: (8 Periods)

Branch and Bound: Travelling Salesman Problem and its State Space Search Tree.

Introduction to Computability: Polynomial-time verification, NP-Completeness and Reducibility, NP-Complete problems.

Approximation Algorithms: Vertex Cover Problem.

Text Books:

1. T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest and C. Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", PHI Publication

- 1. A.V. Aho, J. E. Hopcroft and J.D.Ullman, "The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms", Pearson Education,
- 2. R. S. Salaria, Khanna, "**Data Structure & Algorithms**", Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) Ltd.

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++ (MCA02003)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- **1.** To justify the philosophy of object-oriented design and the concepts of encapsulation, abstraction, inheritance and polymorphism.
- **2.** To design simple programs in an object-oriented programming language using classes and objects.
- **3.** To design, implement and test the implementation of different types of inheritance relationships among objects.
- **4.** To compare and contrast the notions of overloading and overriding methods in an object-oriented language.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Get a brief overview of Object Oriented Programming concepts.

CO2: Solve the problems in a systematic way using class and method paradigms.

CO3: Implement different types of inheritance efficiently and also study friend functions, operator overloading and virtual functions.

CO4: Understand the concepts of dynamic memory management using new and delete operators and study about the exception handling mechanism.

CO5: Study about template functions and Standard Template Library (STL), Object-Oriented Design and Programming using C++.

MODULE-I: (8 Periods)

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: user defined types, polymorphism, and encapsulation. Getting started with C++ - syntax, data-type, variables, strings, functions, exceptions and statements, namespaces and exceptions operators. Flow control, functions, recursion. Arrays and pointers, structures.

MODULE-II: (8 Periods)

Abstraction Mechanisms: Classes, private, public, constructors, destructors, member functions, static members, references etc. class hierarchy, derived classes.

MODULE-III: (8 Periods)

Prototypes: linkages, operator overloading, ambiguity, friends, member operators, operator

function, I/O operators etc. **Inheritance:** simple inheritance, polymorphism, object slicing, base initialization, virtual functions.

MODULE-IV: (8 Periods)

Memory management: new, delete, object copying, copy constructors, assignment operator, this Input/output. **Exception handling:** Exceptions and derived classes function exception declarations, unexpected exceptions, Exceptions when handling exceptions, resource capture and release etc.

MODULE-V: (8 Periods)

Templates and Standard Template library: template classes declaration, template functions, namespaces, string, iterators, hashes, iostreams and other type. **Design using C++ design and development:** design and programming, role of classes.

Text Books:

- 1. Herbert Schildt, "C++. The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill Publications
- 2. E. Balaguruswamy, "**Object Oriented Programming with C++**", Tata McGraw Hill Publications.
- 3. A.K.Kamthane, "Object Oriented Programming with ANSI & Turbo C++.", Pearson Education.

- 1. R. Venugopal, Rajkumar, and T. Ravishanker "Mastering C++", Tata McGraw Hill Publications
- 2. Bjarne Stroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", Addison Welsley.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING (MCA02004)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To learn the basic engineering principles and process models applicable for specific domains.
- 2. To understand the various estimation models and issues related to the software development projects.
- 3. To specify the important of design activities and methodologies in software product development.
- 4. To able to understand the coding standards and testing mechanisms and test cases.
- 5. To understand the reliability and maintenance of software product in real world field.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: understand the concepts of software and engineering discipline in software development, process models and apply science, and engineering.

CO2: identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems, project planning and understanding characteristics of good software design.

CO3: understand the software quality models and use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

CO4: analyze, design, verify, validate and maintain software systems and the ability to work in one or more significant application domains.

CO5: understand the concepts re-engineering, reuse and maintenance of software product and able to develop SRS document and project.

Module-I (9 Periods)

Introduction: Introduction to Software Engineering, evolving role of software, defining software engineering, changing nature of software, software myths, terminologies, role of software development, Software Processes & Characteristics, software life cycle models – build & fix model, Waterfall, Prototype, Evolutionary and Spiral Models, Software Crisis and solutions, **Software Requirements analysis & specifications:** Requirements analysis using DFD, Data dictionaries, Requirements documentation, Nature of SRS, Characteristics & organization of SRS

Module-II (9 Periods)

Software Project Planning: Size Estimation like lines of Code & Function Count, Cost Estimation, Models-COCOMO, Putnam resource allocation model, Validating Software Estimates, Software Risk Management. **Software Metrics and Measurements:** software and

metrics, What & Why, Token Count, Halstead Software Science Measures, and Data structure metrics, information flow metrics.

Software design: overview of design, characteristics, design activities and methodologies, characteristics, design techniques, cohesion and coupling, basics of object oriented and function oriented design and differences.

Module-IV (8 periods)

Coding and Software Testing: coding standards, code review, code walk through, code inspection, software documentation, Testing process, Design of test cases, Introduction to functional testing & Structural testing, Unit Testing, Integration and System Testing, Debugging, Alpha & Beta Testing.

Module-V (9 periods)

Software Reliability: importance, hardware reliability and software reliability, failure and faults, reliability models-basic model, software quality model, CMM and ISO 9001 Software Maintenance: Management of Maintenance, Maintenance Process, Maintenance Models, Regression Testing, Reverse Engineering, Software Re-engineering, Configuration Management, Documentation.

Text Books:

- 1. K. K. Aggarwal and Yogesh Singh, "Software Engineering", New Age International Publishing
- 2. R. S. Pressman, "Software Engineering A Practitioner's Approach", McGraw Hill Int. **Publication**
- 3. Pankaj Jalote, "An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering", Narosa Publication

- 1. Stephen R. Schach, "Classical & Object Oriented Software Engineering", IRWIN **Publication**
- 2. James Peter, W. Pedrycz, "Software Engineering: An Engineering Approach", John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Sommerville, "Software Engineering", Addison Wesley Publishing
- 4. Rajib Mall, "Fundamental of Software Engineering", PHI Publication.

FORMAL LANGUAGE AND AUTOMATA THEORY (MCA02005)

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Introduce students to the mathematical foundations of computation including automata theory; the theory of formal languages and grammars; the notions of algorithm, decidability, complexity, and computability.
- 2. Enhance/develop students' ability to understand the computation and algorithms.
- 3. Develop and conduct mathematical proofs for computation and algorithms.
- 4. Get a foundation to understand natural language processing.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- **CO1.** Understand the overview of the theoretical foundation of computer science from the perspective of formal languages.
- **CO2.** Able to understand regular language and expression in the context of computation and compiler. Understand and design the deterministic and nondeterministic machines.
- CO3. Students will be able to understand and design push down automata and context free language. .
- **CO4.** Understand the concept of Turing machine and able to design Turing machine for various languages.
- **CO5.** Helpful to understand the complexity classes, decidability, enumerable language, post correspondence problem and associated concepts.

MODULE-I (10 Periods)

Automata and Language Theory: Overview of Theoretical Computer Science (including computationally intractable problems), Introduction to System software including various phases / Modules in the design of a typical compiler, Chomsky Classification, Finite Automata, Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA), Non-Deterministic Finite Automata (NFA), statement of Kleen's Theorem, Regular Expressions, Equivalence of DFAs, NFAs.

Module – II (6 Periods)

Regular Expressions, Closure properties of Regular Language, Non-Regular Languages, Pumping Lemma, Use of Regular expressions in the Design of scanner (lexical analyzer).

Module – III (8 Periods)

Context Free Languages: Context Free Grammar (CFG), Parse Trees, Push Down Automata (deterministic and nondeterministic) (PDA), Equivalence of CFGs and PDAs, Closure

properties of CFLs, Pumping Lemma.

Module – IV (8 Periods)

Turing Machines and Computability Theory: Definition of Turing Machine, Extensions of Turing machines, Non – deterministic Turing machines, Church – Turing Thesis, Decidability, Halting Problem.

Module – V (10 Periods)

Complexity Theory: Complexity classes P, NP, Decidability, Recursively enumerable language, Post correspondence problem.

Text Books:

- 1. M. Sipser, "Introduction to the Theory of Computation", Cengage Publication
- 2. J. Hopcroft, R. Motwani, and J. Ullman, "Introduction to Automata Theory,

 Language and Computation", Pearson Publication
- 3. H.S. Behera, J. Nayak, H. Pattanayak, "Formal Languages and Automata Theory" Vikas Publication.

Reference Books:

1. K. L. Mishra and N. Chandrasekharan, "Theory of Computer Science Automata Language

Computation", PHI Publication

2. Peter Linz, "Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata", Narosa Publication.

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++ LABORATORY (MCA02006)

L T P C 0 0 3 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- **1.** To design, implement, test and debug simple programs in an object-oriented programming language using classes and objects.
- **2.** To design, implement and test the implementation of different types of inheritance and delegation relationships among objects.
- **3.** To design, implement and test the implementation of function overloading, operator overloading and function overriding methods in an object-oriented language.
- **4.** To design, implement and test the implementation of exception handling, templates and file handling mechanisms in an object-oriented language.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Map real world problems into the programming language using classes and objects.
- **CO2:** Solve the problems in a systematic way using class and method paradigms.
- **CO3:** Implement different types of Inheritance efficiently.
- **CO4:** Implement the concepts of Function Overloading, Operator Overloading and Virtual Functions.
- **CO5:** Master Exception Handling and File Handling techniques.

LIST OF PROGRAMS:

- 1. Programs on concept of functions.
- 2. Programs on function overloading and handling ambiguities.
- 3. Programs on function calls (call by value, call by address and call by reference).
- 4. Programs on concept of classes and objects.
- 5. Programs on friend functions and friend classes.
- 6. Programs to perform operations using constructors and destructors.
- 7. Programs on different types of inheritance.
- 8. Programs on delegation.
- 9. Programs on static and dynamic polymorphism, use of virtual functions.
- 10. Programs to perform operator overloading for unary, binary and I/O operators.
- 11. Programs to perform dynamic memory management, use of new and delete operators.
- 12. Programs on handling of String classes.
- 13. Programs on generic programming using template functions and template classes.
- 14. Programs on exception handling.
- 15. Programs on file handling.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LABORATORY (MCA02007)

LTPC

0 0 3 2

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. To get familiar with the software engineering methodologies used in each phase for project development
- 2. To gain knowledge about open source tools used for implementing software engineering models.
- 3. To exercise developing product-start-ups implementing software engineering methods.
- 4. To understand and apply the Open source Tools in problem domain.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this Course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand the various open source tools could be applied in different specific domain.
- **CO2:** Use the software tools and methodology to develop the software product.
- **CO3:** Make the software requirement specification document of the any given problem statement.
- **CO4:** Draw and develop the UML diagram based on different vies i.e users view, behavioural view, implementation view etc.
- **CO5:** Perform the time line for the PERT chart and GANT chart for the given software project metrics

Software Requirement

Rational Rose, Argo-UML, Windows XP

LIST OF EXPERIMENT

- 1. To Note down the problem statement for a given system of relevance.
- 2. To perform requirement analysis and generate Software Requirement Specification (SRS) document for suggested system.
- 3. To develop the function-oriented diagram: Data Flow Diagram (DFD) and Structured chart of given problem statement.
- 4. To draw the ER- diagram for given application software.

- 5. To perform the user's view analysis for the suggested system: Use case diagram.
- 6. To draw the structural view diagram for the system: Class diagram, object diagram.
- 7. To draw the behavioural view diagram: State-chart diagram, Activity diagram
- 8. To perform the behavioural view diagram for the suggested system: Sequence diagram, Collaboration diagram
- 9. To perform the implementation view diagram: Component diagram for the system.
- 10. To perform the environmental view diagram: Deployment diagram for the system.
- 11. To perform various testing operations using the testing tool unit testing, integration testing for a suggested system.
- 12. Draw PERT Chart and GANT chart for selected software project.
- 13. Perform effort estimation using FP Estimation for chosen system

List of projects on different problem statement

- a. Student Result Management System
- b. Library management system
- c. Inventory control system
- d. Accounting system
- e. Fast food billing system
- f. Bank loan system
- g. Blood bank system
- h. Railway reservation system
- i. Automatic teller machine
- j. Video library management system
- k. Hotel management system
- 1. Online Student Registration System
- m. E-ticking
- n. Share online trading
- o. Online Examination System
- p. Resource management system
- q. Court case management system

ALGORITHM DESIGN LABORATORY (MCA02008)

L T P C 0 0 3 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To design, implement and test the implementation of different searching and sorting algorithms.
- **2.** To design, implement and test the implementation of different types of algorithm design techniques like divide and conquer, dynamic programming, greedy method, backtracking, branch and bound and their applications in solving different practical problems.
- **3.** To design, implement and test the implementation of minimum cost spanning trees, shortest path algorithms, flow networks and string matching algorithms.
- **4.** To design, implement and test the implementation of different approximation algorithms in solving different practical problems.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Analyze and implement different searching and sorting algorithms.

CO2: Solve a variety of problems using different algorithm design paradigms like Divide and Conquer, Dynamic Programming, Greedy Method, Backtracking and Branch and Bound.

CO3: Solve the minimum cost spanning tree problem using Kruskal and Prim algorithms.

CO4: Solve the Shortest Path and Maximum Flow problem using different algorithms.

CO5: Solve the String Matching problem using different algorithms.

LIST OF PROGRAMS:

- 1. Implementation of Stack and Queue Operations and Applications.
- 2. Implementation of different searching algorithms.
- 3. Implementation of different sorting algorithms.
- 4. Problem solving using Divide and Conquer technique.
- 5. Problem solving using Dynamic Programming technique.
- 6. Problem solving using Greedy technique.
- 7. Problem solving using Backtracking technique.
- 8. Problem solving using disjoint-set data structure operations.
- 9. Problem solving using Branch and Bound technique.
- 10. Problem solving for the Maximum Flow problem.
- 11. Implementation of Graph Traversal algorithms Breadth-First-Search (BFS) and Depth-First-Search (DFS).
- 12. Implementation of Minimum Spanning Tree construction algorithms Kruskal and Prim.
- 13. Implementation of different String Matching algorithms.
- 14. Problem solving for the Shortest Path problem using different algorithms.
- 15. Problem solving using Approximation algorithms.

THIRD SEMESTER

PROGRAMMING WITH JAVA (MCA03001)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To learn the use of Java in a variety of technologies and on different platforms.
- 2. To gain the Knowledge of the structure and model of the Java programming language.
- 3. To understand the use of packages in the Java programming language,
- 4. To learn the exception handling concepts and applications.
- 5. To learn the interactive GUI based software in real world applications

COURSE OUTCOME:

After completion the course students are able to:

CO1: understand the use of OOPs concepts and solve real world problems using OOP techniques.

CO2: Able to understand the use of abstraction.

CO3: Able to understand the use of Packages and Interface in java.

CO4: Able to develop and understand exception handling, multithreaded applications with synchronization.

CO5: Able to design GUI based applications and develops applets for web applications.

Module- I (10 periods)

Introduction: History of java, C++ Vs JAVA, JAVA and Internet and WWW, JAVA support systems, JAVA environment. JAVAprogram structure, Tokens, Statements, JAVA virtual machine, Constant & Variables, Data Types, Declaration of Variables, Scope of Variables, Symbolic Constants, Type Casting.

Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical Assignments, Increment and Decrement, Conditional, Bitwise, Special, Expressions & its evaluation. If statement, if...else... statement, Nesting of if...else... statements, else...if Ladder, Switch, conditional operators, Loops – While, Do, For, Jump in Loops, Labelled Loops.

Module- II (10 Periods)

Classes & Methods: Defining a Class, Adding Variables and Methods, java class attributes, Creating Objects, Accessing Class Members, Constructors, Methods Overloading, Static Members, Nesting of Methods, this pointer. Inheritance: Extending a Class, Overriding Methods, Final Variables and Methods, Final Classes, Finalize Methods, Abstract methods and Classes, Visibility Control, super key word, java inner class.

Module -III (10 Periods)

Arrays: Arrays: One Dimensional & two Dimensional, String classes, Math class and methods, Vectors, wrapper Classes,

Package: creating package, System Packages, Using System Package, Adding a Class to a Package, Hiding Classes. **Threads:** Creating Threads, Extending the Threads Class, Stopping and Blocking a Thread, Life Cycle of a Thread, Using Thread Methods, Thread Exceptions, Thread Priority, Synchronization, Implementing the Runnable Interface, Daemon thread, deadlock situation.

Module –IV (05 Periods)

Interface: DefiningInterface, Extending Interface, Implementing Interface, Accessing Interface Variable, interface versus abstract class, **Exception Handling:** Definition of an Exception, error versus exception, Exception Classes, Common Exceptions, Exception Handling Techniques, java file handling.

Module –V (05 Periods)

Local and Remote Applets Vs Applications :Writing Applets, Applets Life Cycle, Creating an Executable AppletDesigning a Web Page, Applet Tag, Adding Applet to HTML File, Running the Applet, Passing Parameters to Applets, Aligning the Display, HTML Tags & Applets, Getting Input from the User.

Text Books:

1. E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming In Java", TMH Publications

Reference Books:

2. Peter Norton, "Peter Norton Guide To Java Programming", Techmedia Publications

COMPILER DESIGN (MCA03002)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To learn the basic structure of compiler and several phases of compilation.
- 2. Student will be able to understand in-depth of syntax analysis phase of compilation.
- 3. To develop an understanding of the concept of syntax directed translation, type checking and run time environment in the context of compiler.
- 4. To understand and perform the intermediate code generation and code optimization on the source code.
- 5. Understand Efficient Code optimization and instruction selection practices. Finally, student may be able to visualize the overall working phases of a typical compiler.

COURSE OUTCOME:

On successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- **CO1.** Specify and analyse the lexical, syntactic and semantic structures of advanced language features.
- CO2. Separate the lexical, syntactic and semantic analysis into meaningful phases for a compiler to undertake language translation
- CO3. Design a parser, and semantic analyser without the aid of automatic generators
- **CO4.** Code optimization and instruction selection practices.
- CO5. Describe techniques for intermediate code and machine code optimisation

Module- I: (8 Periods)

Compiler Structure: Model of compilation, various phases of a compiler. Lexical analysis: Interface with input parser and symbol table, token, lexeme and patterns, difficulties in lexical analysis, input buffering. Specification of tokens. Regular grammar & language definition.

Module- II: (12 Periods)

Syntax Analysis: Grammar, Parsing, ambiguity, top down parsing, top down parsing, recursive descent parsing, transformation on the grammars, predictive parsing LL(1) grammar, Nor LL(1) grammar, Bottom up parsing, operator precedence grammars, LR parsers (SLR, CLR, LALR).

Module- III: (10 Periods)

Syntax directed definitions: Inherited and synthesized attributes, dependency graph, evaluation order, bottom up and top down evaluation of attributes, L- and S-attributed definitions. Type checking: type: type system, type expressions, structural and name equivalence of types, type conversion. **Run time system**: storage organization, activation tree, activation record, parameter passing symbol table, dynamic storage allocation.

Module- IV: (10 Periods)

Intermediate code generation: intermediate code representation techniques. Intermediate Code generation for control flow, function call, Boolean expressions and procedure calls. **Code optimization:** source of optimizations, optimization of basic blocks, loops, global dataflow analysis, solution to iterative dataflow equations, code improving transformations, dealing with aliases, data flow analysis of structured flow graphs.

Module- V: (10 Periods)

Code generation and instruction selection: Issues, basic blocks and flow graphs, register allocation, code generation, DAG representation of programs, code generation from DAGS, peep hole optimization. **Symbol table management**: Data structure for symbol table organization. Error Handling and recovery.

Text Books:

- 1. K. C. Louden, "Compiler Construction, Principle and Practice", Cengage Publication
- 2. Alfred V. Aho, Ravi Sethi, and Ullman, "Compilers Priciples, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Publication

Reference Books:

- 1. V.Raghvan, "Principles of Compiler Design", TMH Publication
- 2. Levine, Mason and Brown, "Lex & Yacc", O' Reilly Publication

NPTEL MOOC COURSE (min. 08 weeks)

LTPC

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Student shall submit certificates showing the credit points (no. of week course) earned through **SWAYAM** MOOCs to the Head of the department.

PROGRAMMING WITH JAVA LABORATORY (MCA03003)

L T P C 0 0 3 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To implement oops concept problems using java programming.
- 2. To be able to demonstrate and develop java program using thread class and packages to handle the deadlock situation
- 3. To be able develop the program related to the exception handling and error in real world environment.
- 4. To implement frontend and backend of an application program in java.
- 5. To build software development skills using java programming for real world applications.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: be familiar with the main features and limitations of the Java programming language to develop source code.

CO2: applied the principles of OOPs concepts to be applied in development of software product.

CO3: be familiar with common errors and exceptions in Java and its associated libraries to debug and test.

CO4: be able to demonstrate multi-threading programming skills used in various real time system projects.

CO5: develop the event driven programs and animations of objects using applet program and mark-up language.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Write a Java Program to define a class, describe its constructor, overload the Constructors and instantiate its object.
- 2. Write a Java Program to define a class, define instance methods for setting and retrieving values of instance variables and instantiate its object.
- 3. Write a Java Program to define a class, define instance methods and overload them and use them for dynamic method invocation.
- 4. Write a Java Program to demonstrate use of sub class.
- 5. Write a Java Program to demonstrate use of nested class.
- 6. Write a Java Program to implement array of objects.
- 7. Write a Java program to practice using String class and its methods.

- 8. Write a Java program to practice using String Buffer class and its methods.
- 9. Write a Java Program to implement Vector class and its methods.
- 10. Write a Java Program to implement Wrapper classes and their methods.
- 11. Write a Java Program to implement inheritance and demonstrate use of method overriding.
- 12. Write a Java Program to implement multilevel inheritance by applying various access controls to its data members and methods.
- 13. Write a program to demonstrate use of implementing interfaces.
- 14. Write a program to demonstrate use of extending interfaces.
- 15. Write a Java program to implement the concept of importing classes from user defined package and creating packages.
- 16. Write a program to implement the concept of threading by extending Thread Class.
- 17. Write a program to implement the concept of threading by implementing Runnable Interface.
- 18. Write a program to implement the concept of Exception Handling using predefined exception.
- 19. Write a program to implement the concept of Exception Handling by creating user defined exceptions.
- 20. Write a program using Applet to display a message in the Applet.
- 21. Write a program using Applet for configuring Applets by passing parameters.
- 22. Write a Java Program to demonstrate animation driven program using applet and html.

SEMINAR AND TECHNICAL WRITING

L T P C 0 0 3 2

There shall be a seminar in MCA course. For seminar the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic and prepare a technical report, showing his understanding on the topic, and submit it to the department. Further, student has to give a presentation on the seminar report before departmental committee. After successful presentation of seminar each student have to submit a technical report in the department.

The marks for seminar are awarded as follows:

- 1) Day to day work 20 Marks
- 2) Report preparation 20 Marks
- 3) Seminar Presentation 40 Marks
- 4) Viva-Voce on the Seminar topic 20 Marks Total - 100 Marks

DISSERTATION AND INTERIM EVALUATION

L T P C 0 0 3 2

There shall be an MCA dissertation and interim evaluation in the 3rd semester. The student need to prepare a synopsis report and present before the Departmental committee consisting of three senior faculty members and supervisor.

The award of Marks for the dissertation and interim evaluation

- 1) Day to day work (awarded by the Supervisor) 50 Marks
- 2) Report (Awarded by the Committee) 20 Marks
- 3) Presentation Seminar (Awarded by the Committee) 20 Marks
- 4) Viva Voce (Awarded by the Committee) 10 Marks

Total= 100 Marks

FOURTH SEMESTER

COMPREHENSIVE VIVA-VOCE

L T P C 0 0 1

There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce at the end of 4th semester. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a Committee consisting of Head of the Department and three Senior Faculty members of the Department covering different specializations and two External Examiners from academic institutes. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is intended to assess the student's understanding of the subjects he studied during the MCA course of study. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is evaluated for 100 marks by the Committee. There are no internal marks for the Comprehensive Viva-Voice.

DISSERTATION EVALUATION

L T P C 0 0 4 6

There shall be an MCA dissertation in the 4th semester. The student shall investigate or work on a topic in any subject related to the course. During the dissertation work student shall do experimental or review work or any other type of project approved by the Departmental committee consisting of three senior faculty members of different specialization and HOD. The committee should adopt a rational approach in assigning project supervisor to a student in 3rd semester with respect to the research interest of the students in different specializations. When a student chooses to do project work in an industries/reputed institutions/universities then the internal faculty member should be the one of the supervisor for completion of the dissertation. Attendance of such students doing project shall be furnished by the internal supervisor based on his interaction with the student. At the end of the 4th Semester the student shall submit a project report and give a power point presentation before the Departmental committee with external Examiner(s) outside the University in the relevant fields.

The award of Marks for the dissertation

- 1) Day to day work (awarded by the Supervisor) 50 Marks
- 2) Dissertation (Awarded by the Committee) 10 Marks
- 3) Presentation of dissertation Seminar (Awarded by the Committee) 20 Marks
- 4) Viva Voce (Awarded by the Committee) 20 Marks

Total= 100 Marks

ELECTIVE- I & II

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (MCAPE301)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Understanding of introductory concepts and problem solving techniques in Artificial Intelligence.
- 2. Getting insight to Intelligent agents, Reasoning & Logic prepositional Logic.
- 3. Understand concept of planning in Artificial intelligence.
- 4. Getting concepts on Learning in Artificial Neural Networks and various neural network models
- 5. Get idea of knowledge representation and Natural language processing in Artificial intelligence.

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: Graduates will be able to assess critically the techniques presented and to apply them to real world problems. Get a introductory concepts and problem solving techniques in Artificial Intelligence.

CO2: Graduates will get to understand the major concepts of Intelligent agents, Reasoning & Logic prepositional Logic.

CO3: Students will be able to understand concept of planning in Artificial intelligence.

CO4: Student will be able to understand the Learning in Artificial Neural Networks and various neural network models.

CO5: Graduates will be able aware of knowledge representation and Natural language processing in Artificial intelligence.

Module –I (8 Periods)

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: The Foundations of Artificial Intelligence, The History of Artificial Intelligence, and the State of the Art. Solving Problems by Searching: problemsolving Agents, Formulating problems, Example problems, and searching for Solutions, Search Strategies, Avoiding Repeated States, and Constraint Satisfaction Search. Informed Search Methods: Best-First Search, Heuristic Functions, Memory Bounded Search, and Iterative Improvement Algorithms.

Module –II (8 Periods)

Intelligent Agents: Introduction, How Agents should Act, Structure of Intelligent Agents, Environments. Agents That Reason Logically; A Knowledge-Based Agent, The Wumpus World Environment, Representation, Reasoning & Logic prepositional Logic: A very simple Logic, An agent for the Wumpus World. Building a Knowledge Base; Properties of Good and

Bad Knowledge Bases, Knowledge Engineering. Inference in First-Order Logic: Inference Rules Involving Quantifiers, An Example Proof. Generalized Modus Ponens, Forward and Backward, Chaining, Resolution.

Module –III (8 Periods)

Planning A Simple Planning Agent Form Problem Solving to Planning. Planning in Situation Calculus. Basic Representations for Planning. A Partial-Order planning Example, A partial Order planning algorithm, Planning With partially Instantiated Operators.

Module –IV (8 Periods)

Learning in Artificial Neural Networks. How the Brain Works, Neural Networks, perceptions, Multi-layered Feed Forward Networks Applications Back propagation algorithm Applications of Neural Networks.

Module -V (8 Periods)

Knowledge Representation: Semantic Net, Semantic Web, Conceptual Dependencies, Conceptual Graphs, Script, Frames. Natural language processing, A Formal Grammar for A subset of English Syntactic Analysis (Parsing), Definite Clause Grammar (DCG), Augmenting A Grammar. Semantic Interpretation. Ambiguity and unambiguous.

Text Books:

- 1. Russell S.J. & Norvig P, Artificial Intelligence A modern Approach (ISBN 0-131-038-052) Prentice Hall Inc, 2002.
- 2. Winston P.H, Artificial Intelligence (3rd Edigion), McGraw Hill.
- 3. E.Rich and K.Knight, Artificial Intelligence, TMH

Reference Book:

1. Padhy N.P., Artificial Intelligence and Intelligence Systems, Oxford

SOFT COMPUTING (MCAPE302)

L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- **1.** To know Neural Network techniques and its applications.
- 2. To know various Soft Computing techniques.
- 3. Get knowledge of fuzzy logic. To know applications of advanced Neural Networks.
- **4.** Get knowledge of Applications of Hybrid soft computing techniques.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: To know various Soft Computing basic and evolution of computing.

CO2: To know about Genetic algorithm and optimisation techniques.

CO3: To know Neural Network techniques and its applications.

CO4: To know about fuzzy logic and its applications.

CO5: Get knowledge of Applications of Hybrid soft computing techniques.

MODULE- I (10 Periods)

Introduction to Soft Computing: Evolution of Computing - Soft Computing Constituents – From Conventional to Computational Intelligence - Machine Learning Basics

MODULE- II (10 Periods)

Genetic Algorithms: Introduction, Building block hypothesis, working principle, Basic operators and Terminologies like individual, gene, encoding, fitness function and reproduction, Genetic modelling: Significance of Genetic operators, Inheritance operator, crossover, inversion & deletion, mutation operator, Bitwise operator, GA optimization problems, JSPP (Job Shop Scheduling Problem), TSP (Travelling Salesman Problem), Differences & similarities between GA & other traditional methods, Applications of GA.

MODULE- III (10 Periods)

Neural Networks: Machine Learning using Neural Network, Adaptive Networks, Feed Forward Networks, Supervised Learning Neural Networks, Radial Basis Function Networks, Reinforcement Learning, Unsupervised Learning Neural Networks, Adaptive Resonance Architectures, Advances in Neural Networks.

MODULE- IV (6 Periods)

Fuzzy Logic: Fuzzy Sets, Operations on Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Relations, Membership Functions, Fuzzy Rules and Fuzzy Reasoning, Fuzzy Inference Systems, Fuzzy Expert Systems, Fuzzy Decision Making.

MODULE- V (4 Periods)

Neuro-Fuzzy Modelling: Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference Systems, Coactive Neuro-Fuzzy Modelling, Classification and Regression Trees, Data Clustering Algorithms, Rule base Structure Identification, Neuro-Fuzzy Control – Case Studies

Text Books:

- 1. Jyh-Shing Roger Jang, Chuen-Tsai Sun, Eiji Mizutani, "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", PHI India
- 2. Kwang H.Lee, "First course on Fuzzy Theory and Applications", Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg

- 1. S.N.Sivanandam, S.N.Deepa, "Introduction To Genetic Algorithms", Springer
- 2. Eiben, Smith, "Introduction To Evolutionary Computing", Springer

COMPUTER NETWORK SECURITY (MCAPE303)

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Identify computer and network security threats, classify the threats and develop a security model to prevent, detect and recover from the attacks.
- 2. Encrypt and decrypt messages using block ciphers, sign and verify messages using well known signature generation and verification algorithms.
- 3. Analyze existing authentication and key agreement protocols, identify the weaknesses of these protocols.
- 4. Download and install an e-mail and file security software, PGP, and efficiently use the code to encrypt and sign messages.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Students will have the basic knowledge of different types of Security attacks. Symmetrical and Asymmetrical cryptography .To discuss on various types of attacks and their characteristics.

CO2: To illustrate the basic concept of encryption and decryption for secure data transmission. Students will be able to analyze and compare different security mechanisms and services and Digital signature and authentication Protocols.

CO3: Students will be able to analyze different modern encryption algorithms. Students will have the basic knowledge of different authentication Mechanisms and Security Practice and System Security

CO4: Describe network security services and mechanisms. Security Services for Email attacks, establishing keys privacy, authentication of the source, Message Integrity

CO5: Various network security applications, IPSec, Firewall, IDS, Web security, Email security, and malicious software etc.

Module-I (10 Periods)

Introduction: Services, Mechanisms and attacks, the OSI security Architecture, Network security model, Classical Encryption techniques (Symmetric cipher model, substitution techniques, transposition techniques, steganography).

Finite Fields And Number Theory: Groups, Rings, Fields Modular arithmetic, Euclid's algorithm, Finite fields, Polynomial Arithmetic, Prime numbers, Fermat's and Euler's theorem, The Chinese remainder theorem- Discrete logarithms.

Module - II (10 Periods)

Block Ciphers: Data Encryption Standard, Block cipher principles, block cipher modes of operation, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)

Public key cryptography: Principles of public key cryptosystems, The RSA algorithm, Key management, Hash Function and Digital Signatures: Authentication requirement, Authentication function, MAC, Hash function, Security of hash function and MAC, MD5, SHA, HMAC, CMAC, Digital signature and authentication Protocols.

Module - III (06 Periods)

Security Practice and System Security: Authentication applications, Kerberos, Internet Firewalls, Roles of Firewalls, Firewall related terminology, Firewall designs, Intruder, Intrusion detection system, Virus and related threats, Countermeasures, Firewalls design principles.

Module - IV (06 Periods)

E-mail Security: Security Services for Email attacks, establishing keys privacy, authentication of the source, Message Integrity

Module - V (08 Periods)

IP Security: Overview of IPSec, IP and IPv6, Authentication Header, Encapsulation Security Payload (ESP) Internet Key Exchange (Phases of IKE, ISAKMP/IKE Encoding).

Web Security: SSL/TLS Basic Protocol, computing the keys- client authentication, PKI as deployed by SSL Attacks fixed in v3, Exportability, Encoding, Secure Electronic Transaction (SET).

Text Books:

1. Wade Trappe, Lawrence C Washington, "Introduction to Cryptography with coding theory",

Pearson Publishing

2. William Stallings, "Crpyptography and Network security - Principles and Practices", Pearson Publishing.

- 1. W. Mao, "Modern Cryptography Theory and Practice", Pearson Education.
- 2. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger "Security in computing" Prentice Hall of India.

INFORMATION SYSTEM DESIGN (MCAPE304)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To recognize the essential concepts of Information systems development.
- 2. To comprehend about the development approaches and phases that takes place in System Development.
- 3. To realize the necessity of System requirement analysis, feasibility analysis in an Information System.
- 4. To value the System design paradigms and their attributes with testing in an Information System.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to:

CO1: List the principles of Information System Design and describe the problems and challenges associated with Information System development.

CO2: Understand System Development life cycle techniques, and Processes for Information System development.

CO3: Apply Investigation about System requirements, Feasibility Analysis for Information System Design.

CO4: Design an Information System that fulfils requirements with regards to System modelling and design.

CO5: Understand the importance of Interface design and their Testing strategies in Information Systems.

Module – I: (08 Periods)

Introduction to Information System Development: Information System Development, System Analyst, System Analysis & Design, Categories of Information System, System Development Strategies Implementation, Evaluation and Maintenance.

Module – II: (08 Periods)

Approaches to System development: SDLC, Explanation of the phases, Different models their advantages and disadvantages, Waterfall approach, Iterative approach, Extreme programming RAD model, Unified process, Evolutionary software process model, Incremental model, Spiral model, Concurrent development model development.

Module – III: (08 Periods)

Investigating System Requirements & Feasibility Analysis: Activities of the analysis phase, Fact finding methods, Review existing reports, forms and procedure descriptions, Conduct interviews, Observe and document business processes, Build prototypes, Questionnaires, Conduct jad sessions, Validate the requirements, Structured walkthroughs, Feasibility Study and Cost Estimates, Cost benefit analysis, Identification of list of deliverables.

Module – IV: (08 periods)

Modelling System Requirements & Design: Data flow diagram logical and physical, Decision tables, Decision trees, Entity relationship diagram, Data dictionary, Design phase activities, Develop System Flowchart, Structure Chart, Software design and documentation tools, Designing databases

Module – V: (08 Periods)

Designing input, output and user interface with Testing: Input design, Output design, User interface design, Strategic approach to software testing, Test series for conventional softwares, Test strategies for object – oriented software, Validation testing, System testing, Debugging

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Carol Britton and Jill Doake, "A Student Guide to Object - Oriented Development", Elsevier, Butterworth – Heinemann, Eighth edition, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Brett McLaughlin, Gary Pollice and David West, "Head First Object-Oriented Analysis and Design: A Brain Friendly Guide to OOA&D", O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2008.

REAL TIME SYSTEMS (MCAPE305)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand the fundamental aspects of Real Time Systems.
- 2. To Learn the Real Time Task Scheduling Algorithms and its different variants.
- 3. To Explore the Analytical techniques, decision making strategies for handling Resource Sharing and Dependency in Real time environment.
- 4. To Realize the Potential of Commercial Real-time operating systems and Real-time Communication for Commercial application development.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After learning the Real Time Systems course the students should be able to:

CO1: Enumerate the need and the challenges in the design of hard and soft real time systems.

CO2: Compare different Real time task scheduling algorithms and the schedulability criteria.

CO3: Demonstrate the analytical techniques used in decision making for Resource Sharing, dependencies among Real-time Tasks.

CO4: Understand the Concepts of different commercial real time operating system.

CO5: Integrate Real-Time Communication in Real Time System.

Module – I: (08 Periods)

Introduction: What is real time, Applications of Real-Time systems, A basic model of Real-time system, Characteristics of Real-time system, Safety and Reliability, Types of Real-time tasks, timing constraints, Modelling timing constraints.

Module – II: (08 Periods)

Real-Time Task Scheduling: Some important concepts, Types of Real-time tasks and their characteristics, Task scheduling, Clock-Driven scheduling, Hybrid schedulers, Event-Driven scheduling, Earliest Deadline First (EDF) scheduling, Rate monotonic algorithm (RMA). Some issues Associated with RMA.

Module – III: (08 Periods)

Handling Resource Sharing and dependencies among Real-time Tasks: Resource sharing among real-time tasks. Priority inversion. Priority Inheritance Protocol (PIP), Highest Locker Protocol (HLP). Priority Ceiling Protocol (PCP). Different types of priority inversions under PCP important features of PCP.

Module – IV: (08 Periods)

Commercial Real-time operating systems: Time services, Features of a Real-time operating system, Unix as a Real-time operating system, Unix-based Real-time operating systems, Windows as a Real-time operating system, POSIX.

Module – V: (08 Periods)

Real-time Communication: Examples of applications requiring real-time communication, Basic concepts, Real-time communication in a LAN. Soft Real-time communication in a LAN. Hard real-time communication in a LAN.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Real-Time Systems: Jane W.S. Liu, Pearson Education Asia Pub.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Real time Systems: C.M. Krishna & Kang G. Shin, McGraw Hills.

MOBILE COMPUTING (MCAPE306)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To recognize the essential concepts of Wireless and Mobile communications systems.
- 2. To comprehend about different operations of Wireless Medium Access Control protocols and the significance of IP in Mobile Network Layer.
- 3. To understand Mobile Transport layer, their fundamentals and Data Dissemination with Synchronization.
- 4. To Explore the different available paradigms for Mobile Ad Hoc Networks and existing challenges for efficient network design.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to,

CO1: Describe wireless and mobile communications systems and be able to choose an appropriate mobile system from a set of requirements.

CO2: Be able to work around the strengths and weaknesses of mobile computing.

CO3: Understanding the Interface of a mobile computing system to hardware and networks.

CO4: Design applications on a mobile computing system.

CO5: Understand and apply the routing protocols in Mobile Ad hoc Networks.

Module - I: (08 Periods)

Introduction, Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing Paradigm. Promises/Novel Applications and impediments and Architecture; GSM Services. System Architecture. Protocols. Localization, Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS

Module – II: (08 Periods)

Wireless Medium Access Control: Motivation for a specialized MAC [Hidden and exposed terminals. Near and far terminals], SOMA, FDMA TOMA, COMA, Wireless LAN/[IEEE 802.11], Mobile Network Layer IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration. Tunneling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCR.

Module – III: (08 Periods)

Mobile Transport Layer: Conventional TCP/iP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Other Transport Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.

Module – IV: (08 Periods)

Data Dissemination and Synchronization: Communications Asymmetry. Classification of Data Delivery Mechanisms. Data Dissemination, Broadcast Models. Selective Tuning and Indexing Methods.

Module – V: (08 Periods)

Mobile Ad hoc Networks: Introduction, Applications a Challenges of a MANET Routing, Classification of Routing Algorithms. Algorithms such as DSR. AODV. DSDV

TEXT BOOKS:

1. "Mobile Communications", Jochen Schiller, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2002

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. "Wireless Communications: Principles and Practices", Theodore S. Rappaport, Pearson Education, 2nd Ed, 2002

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE (MCAPE307)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Understand basics Data science and their applications.
- 2. Understand modern notions in Machine Learning and its concepts.
- 3. Understand and use of Attribute Oriented analysis and data preprocessing.
- 4. Understand and implement Feature selection (Filters; Wrappers), Dimensionality reduction
- 5. Understand and use ensemble learning concepts.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to,

- **CO1** Student will be capable to understand basics of Data science concepts.
- **CO2-** Student will be capable to understand basics of Machine learning including Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, Ensemble Learning, Reinforcement Learning concepts.
- **CO3** Student may be capable to get the concept of Attribute oriented analysis and implement them to solve various problem.
- **CO4-** Students will be introduced with feature selection, dimension reduction and associated computing techniques for various applications.
- **CO5** Students may be exposed to Ensemble learning and application in data science in software industry.

Module – I (06 Periods)

Brief Introduction to Data Science. Descriptive statistics, notion of probability, distributions, mean, variance, covariance, covariance matrix, hypothesis testing.

Module – II (10 Periods)

Introduction to Machine Learning: Supervised Learning, Decision Tree Induction, Naïve Bayes Classification, Rule based Classification, K-Nearest Neighbor, Unsupervised Machine learning, Clustering, Association rule mining.

Module – III (10 Periods)

Attribute-oriented analysis: Attribute generalization, Attribute relevance, Class comparison, Statistical measures, Data pre-processing: Data cleaning, Data transformation, Data reduction.

Module – IV (06 Periods)

Feature selection (Filters; Wrappers), Dimensionality reduction: PCA and LDA.

Module – V (08 Periods)

Ensemble Learning, Bagging, Boosting, Gradient Boosting (Random Forest, Adaptive Boosting)

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from The Frontline. O'Reilly. 2014.
- 2. James, G., Witten, D., Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R. An introduction to statistical learning with applications in R. Springer, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Han, J., Kamber, M., Pei, J. Data mining concepts and techniques. Morgan Kaufmann, 2011
- 2. "Practical Data Science with R". Nina Zumel, John Mount. Manning, 2014

MACHINE LEARNING (MCAPE308)

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Understand basics Machine Learning algorithms and their applications.
- 2. Understand modern notions in Supervised Machine Learning and its concepts.
- 3. Understand and use of Unsupervised machine learning techniques.
- 4. Understand and implement ensemble learning concepts.
- 5. Understand and use Articifial neural network and Reinforcement learning concepts

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: Student will be capable to understand basics of Machine learning including Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, Ensemble Learning, Reinforcement Learning concepts.

CO2: Students will be capable to understand Supervised Learning techniques and use them in real life problem.

CO3: Student may be capable to get the concept of Unsupervised machine learning techniques and implement them to solve various problem.

CO4: Students will be introduced with advanced machine learning concepts called ensemble learning and they may develop scaling up machine learning techniques and associated computing techniques for various applications.

CO5: Students may be exposed to Artificial Neural network computing and application in data science in software industry.

Module – I (6 Periods)

Brief Introduction to Machine Learning, Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning, Ensemble Learning, Reinforcement Learning

Module – II (10 Periods)

Supervised Learning: Decision Tree Induction, Naïve Bayes Classification, Rule based Classification, K-Nearest Neighbor, Linear Regression, Multivariate Regression, SVM

Module – III (10 Periods)

Unsupervised Learning: Clustering, Partitioned Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, BIRCH, CURE, Density based Clustering.

Module – IV (6 Periods)

Ensemble Learning, Bagging, Boosting, Gradient Boosting (Random Forest, Adaptive Boosting)

Module – V (8 Periods)

Artificial Neural Networks (Early models, Back Propagation, Initialization, Training & Validation), Reinforcement Learning.

Text Books:

- 1. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. Friedman. The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2e, 2008. Christopher Bishop. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. 2e.
- 2. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, Second Edition

- 1. Stephen Marsland, Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective.
- 2. Christopher M. Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning.
- 3. Tom Mitchell, Machine Learning.

INTERNET OF THINGS (MCAPE309)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand what Internet of Things is.
- 2. To get basic knowledge of RFID Technology, Sensor Technology and Satellite Technology.
- **3.** To make students aware of resource management in Internet of Things.
- **4.** To make students aware of different security issues in Internet of Things.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Explain what Internet of Things is.

CO2: Describe key technologies in Internet of Things.

CO3: Understand Radio Frequency Identification Technology (RFID) and EPC Global Architecture Framework.

CO4: Understand Wireless Sensor Network architecture and its framework along with WSN applications.

CO5: Explain Resource Management in Internet of Things.

MODULE-I (8 Periods)

Introduction: What is Internet of Things (IoT): History of IoT, About IoT, Overview and Motivations, Examples of Applications, Internet of Things Definitions and Frameworks: IoT Definitions, IoT Architecture, General Observations, ITU-T Views, Working Definition, IoT Frameworks, Basic Nodal Capabilities

MODULE-II: (8 Periods)

IoT Mechanisms and Key Technologies: Identification of IoT Objects and Services, Structural Aspects of the IoT, Environment Characteristics, Traffic Characteristics, Scalability, Interoperability, Security and Privacy, Open Architecture, Key IoT Technologies, Device Intelligence, Communication Capabilities, Mobility Support, Device Power, Sensor Technology, RFID Technology, Satellite Technology.

MODULE-III: (8 Periods)

Radio Frequency Identification Technology (RFID): Introduction, Principle of RFID, Components of an RFID system, Issues

EPC Global Architecture Framework: EPCIS & ONS, Design issues, Technological challenges, Security challenges, IP for IoT, Web of Things.

MODULE-IV: (8 Periods)

Wireless Sensor Networks: History and Context, WSN Architecture, the Node, Connecting Nodes, Networking Nodes, Securing Communication.

WSN specific IoT Applications and Challenges: Security, QoS, Configuration, Various integration approaches, Data Link Layer protocols, Routing protocols and Infrastructure Establishment.

MODULE-V: (8 Periods)

Resource Management in IoT: Clustering, Software Agents, Clustering Principles in an Internet of Things, Architecture, Design Guidelines, and Software Agents for Object Representation, Data Synchronization, Identity portrayal, Identity management, various identity management models: Local, Network, Federated and global web identity, user-centric identity management, device centric identity management and hybrid-identity management, Identity and trust.

Text Books:

- 1. Rajkamal,"Internet of Things", Tata McGraw Hill publication.
- 2. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of things(A-Hand-on-Approach)" 1st Edition, Universal Press.
- 3. Hakima Chaouchi "The Internet of Things: Connecting Objects", Wiley Publication.

- 1. Charless Bell "MySQL for the Internet of things", Apress publications.
- 2. Francis dacosta "Rethinking the Internet of things: A scalable Approach to connecting everything", 1st edition, Apress publications.
- 3. Donald Norris"The Internet of Things: Do-It-Yourself at Home Projects for Arduino, Raspberry Pi and BeagleBone Black", McGraw Hill publication.

BIG DATA ANALYTICS (MCAPE310)

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Understand the Big Data Platform and its Use cases and provide an overview of Apache Hadoop.
- 2. Provide HDFS Concepts and Interfacing with HDFS.
- 3. Understand Map Reduce Jobs and provide hands on Hadoop Eco System
- 4. Apply analytics on Structured, Unstructured Data and exposure to Data Analytics with R.

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: Acquire knowledge on overview of Big Data concepts such as Big data sources, Acquisition, Nuts & Bolts of Big data and Features of Big Data etc.

CO2: Students may get acquainted with various Data Analysis such as Convergence, analytic data sets, Analytic methods, analytic tools, Analysis approaches and Statistical significance tests etc.

CO3: To understand the Techniques for Stream Computing such as Introduction to Streams Concepts, Stream data model and architecture, Stream Computing, Sampling data in a stream and Filtering streams etc.

CO4: To understand the Predictive Analytics and Visualization: Predictive Analytics, Supervised, Unsupervised learning, Neural networks and Kohonen models etc.

CO5: Students will be able to understand Clustering Techniques, Visual data analysis techniques, interaction techniques and application.

MODULE-I (8 Periods)

Introduction to Big Data: Analytics, Nuances of big data, Value, Issues, Case for Big data, Big data sources, Acquisition, Nuts and Bolts of Big data. Features of Big Data, Security, Compliance, auditing and protection, Evolution of Big data, Best Practices for Big data Analytics, Big data characteristics, Volume, Veracity, Velocity, Variety, Data Appliance and Integration tools.

Module – II (8 Periods)

Data Analysis: Evolution of analytic scalability, Convergence, parallel processing systems, Cloud computing, grid computing, map reduce, enterprise analytic sand box, analytic data sets, Analytic methods, analytic tools, Cognos, Microstrategy, Pentaho. Analysis approaches, Statistical significance, business approaches, Analytic innovation, Traditional approaches,

Module – III (8 Periods)

Stream Computing: Introduction to Streams Concepts, Stream data model and architecture, Stream Computing, Sampling data in a stream, Filtering streams, Counting distinct elements in a stream, Estimating moments, Counting oneness in a window, Decaying window, Real-time Analytics Platform(RTAP) applications, IBM Infosphere, Big data at rest, Infosphere streams, Data stage, Statistical analysis, Intelligent scheduler, Infosphere Streams

Module – IV (8 Periods)

Predictive Analytics and Visualization: Predictive Analytics, Supervised, Unsupervised learning, Neural networks, Kohonen models, Normal, Deviations from normal patterns, Normal behaviours, Expert options, Variable entry, Mining Frequent itemsets, Market based model, Apriori Algorithm, Handling large data sets in Main memory, Limited Pass algorithm, Counting frequent itemsets in a stream,

Module-V (8 Periods)

Clustering Techniques, Hierarchical, K- Means, Clustering high dimensional data Visualizations, Visual data analysis techniques, interaction techniques; Systems and applications

Text Books:

- 1. Frank J Ohlhorst, "Big Data Analytics: Turning Big Data into Big Money", Wiley and SAS Business Series
- 2. Colleen Mccue, "Data Mining and Predictive Analysis: Intelligence Gathering and Crime Analysis", Elsevier
- 3. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, "Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer.

- 1. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Second Edition, Elsevier

CYBER LAWS AND SECURITY (MCAPE311)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. Understand the risks faced by Computer Systems and the nature of common Information hazards.
- 2. Maintain an appropriate level of awareness, knowledge and skill to allow them to minimize the occurrence and severity of information security incidents.
- 3. Understand the threats and security mechanisms for Computer Networks.
- 4. To provide suitable coverage of cyber laws of India.
- 5. This course primarily focuses on the types of threats, vulnerabilities, risks and other various concepts that about Information Security.
- 6. It explains the formation of security policy at various levels inside the Organization and provides the definition procedures, standard and guidelines.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basics of information security and cyber laws.

CO2: Understand the various applications of information security.

CO3: Develop secure information systems.

CO4: Understand the various security policies.

CO5: Understand the various cyber laws and acts followed for information security.

Module-I (08 Periods)

Introduction to information systems: Types of information Systems, Development of Information Systems, Introduction to information security, Need for Information security, Threats to Information Systems, Information Assurance, Cyber Security, and Security Risk Analysis

Module -II (08 Periods)

Application security: Database, E-mail and Internet, Data Security Considerations-Backups, Archival Storage and Disposal of Data, Security Technology-Firewall and VPNs, Intrusion Detection, Access Control. Security Threats -Viruses, Worms, Trojan Horse, Bombs, Trapdoors, Spoofs, E-mail viruses, Macro viruses, Malicious Software, Network and Denial of Services Attack, Security Threats to E-Commerce- Electronic Payment System, e-Cash, Credit/Debit Cards. Digital Signature, public Key Cryptography.

Module - III (08 Periods)

Developing Secure Information Systems: Application Development Security, Information Security Governance & Risk Management, Security Architecture & Design Security Issues in Hardware, Data Storage & Downloadable Devices, Physical Security of IT Assets, Access Control, CCTV and intrusion Detection Systems, Backup Security Measures.

Module - IV (08 Periods)

Security Policies: Why Policies should be developed, WWW policies, Email Security policies, Policy Review Process-Corporate policies-Sample Security Policies, Publishing and Notification Requirement of the Policies. Information Security Standards-ISO.

Module - V (08 Periods)

IT Act, Copyright Act, Patent Law, IPR. Cyber Laws in India; IT Act 2000 Provisions, Intellectual Property Law: Copy Right Law, Software License, Semiconductor Law and Patent Law.

Text Books:

- 1. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawerance Pfleeger, "Analysing Computer Security", Pearson Education India.
- 2. V.K. Pachghare, "Cryptography and information Security", PHI Publishing
- 3. Schou, Shoemaker, "**Information Assurance for the Enterprise**", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing

- 1. Dr. Surya Prakash Tripathi, Ritendra Goyal, Praveen kumar Shukla," **Introduction to Information Security and Cyber Law**", Willey Dreamtech Press.
- 2. Chander, Harish,"Cyber Laws And It Protection", PHI Learning Private Limited

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (MCAPE312)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To become familiar in basic concepts of patent, innovation and protection of rights.
- 2. **To become familiar** with fundamentals of patent registration, trademark, design and IT Act.
- 3. **To provide the knowledge** on the different rules and aspects of types of Intellectual Property Rights.
- 4. **To impart the knowledge** on Intellectual Property Rights protection to novelty in research and product developed by R&D laboratories for economic and social upliftment.
- 5. **To impart the knowledge** on recent advances of Intellectual property rights in E-Commerce and Cybercrimes.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to,

CO1: Understand the basic concepts and various kinds of intellectual property rights.

CO2: Understand the concepts of patent rights.

CO3: Understand the concepts and different types of copyrights.

CO4: Understand the concepts and nature of trade marks.

CO5: Understand the features of Information Technology Act-2000 along with the applications of intellectual property rights in E-commerce and cybercrimes.

Module – I: Introduction

(08 Periods)

Meaning of property, Origin, Nature, Meaning of Intellectual Property Rights, Provision of IPR under TRIPS and WTO. Kinds of Intellectual property rights—Copy Right, Patent, Trade Mark, Trade Secret and trade dress, Design, Layout Design, Geographical Indication, Plant Varieties and Traditional Knowledge

Module – II: Patent Rights

(08 Periods)

Origin, Meaning of Patent, Types, Inventions which are not patentable, Registration Procedure, Rights and Duties of Patentee, Assignment and licence, Restoration of lapsed Patents, Surrender and Revocation of Patents, Infringement, Remedies & Penalties.

Module – III: Copyright

(08 Periods)

Definition & Types of Copy Right, Registration procedure, Assignment & licence, Terms of Copy Right, Infringement, Remedies, Copy rights with special reference to software.

Module – IV: Trade Marks

(08 Periods)

Meaning & Nature of Trade Marks, Types, Registration of Trade Marks, Infringement & Remedies, Offences relating to Trade Marks, Passing Off, Penalties

Module – V: Design & Basic Tenents of Information Technology Act-2000 (08 Periods)

Meaning, Definition, Object, Registration of Design, Cancellation of Registration, International convention of design- types and functions, Semiconductor Integrated circuits and layout design Act-2000, Cyber crimes, digital signature and E-Commerce.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Dr. G.B. Reddy, Intellectual Property Rights and the Law, Gogia Law Agency.
- 2. Dr. B.L. Wadehra, Law relating to Intellectual Property, Universal Law Publishing Co.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Dr.S.R. Myneni, Law of Intellectual Property, Asian Law House

WEB TECHNOLOGIES (MCAPE313)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OUTCOME:

- 1. Students are able to develop a dynamic webpage by the use of java script
- 2. Students will be able to connect a java program to a DBMS and perform insert,
- 3. Students will be able to write a well formed / valid XML document. DHTML.
- 4. Students will be able to write a server side java application called Servlet to catch, update and delete operations on DBMS table.
- 5. Students will be able to write a server side java application called JSP to catch form, form data sent from client, process it and store it on database. data sent from client and store it on database.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to,

CO1: Understand the concepts of various object oriented programming languages and their differences.

CO2: Understand the concepts of classes, methods and packages.

CO3: Understand the concepts of standardized mark-up languages along with the concepts of client server model.

CO4: Understand the characteristics of HTML, CGL and scripting languages.

CO5: Understand the basics of server side programming namely servlets, JSP and java-beans classes.

Module-I (10 Periods)

Introduction: C++ Vs JAVA, JAVA and Internet and WWW, JAVA support systems, JAVA environment. JAVA program structure, Tokens, Statements, JAVA virtual machine, Constant & Variables, Data Types, Declaration of Variables, Scope of Variables, Symbolic Constants, Type Casting. Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical Assignments, Increment and Decrement, Conditional, Bitwise, Special, Expressions & its evaluation. If statement, if...else statement, Nesting of if...else... statements, else...if Ladder, Switch,? Operators, Loops – While, Do, For, Jumps in Loops, Labelled Loops.

Module-II (08 Periods)

Introduction on Classes & Methods: Defining a Class, Adding Variables and Methods, Creating Objects, Accessing Class Members, Constructors, Methods Overloading, Static Members, Nesting of Methods. Inheritance: Extending a Class, Overriding Methods, Final Variables and Methods, Final Classes, Finalize Methods, Abstract methods and Classes, Visibility Control. Arrays: One Dimensional & two Dimensional, strings, wrapper Classes, Defining Interface, Extending Interface, Implementing Interface, Accessing Interface Variable, System Packages, Using System Package, Adding a Class to a Package, Hiding Classes.

Module-III (06 Periods)

Internet Principles, Basic Web Concepts, Client/Server model, retrieving data from Internet, HTM and Scripting Languages, Standard Generalized Mark –up languages,

Module-IV (08 Periods)

HTML forms, CGI Concepts, HTML tags Emulation, Server – Browser Communication, Email generation, CGI client Side applets, CGI server applets, authorization and security.

Scripting Languages: Dynamic HTML, Cascading style sheets, Object model and Event model, Filters and Transitions, Active X Controls, Multimedia, Client side script, VB Script

programming, Forms, Scripting Object., HTML Tags & Applets, Getting Input from the user.

Module-V (08 periods)

Basics on Server side Programming, Servelets & JSP, XML, JSP Technology Introduction, JSP and Servelets, Running JSP Applications, Basic JSP, JavaBeans Classes.

Text Books:

- 1. Deitel H.M. and Deitel P.J., "Internet and World Wide Web How to program", Pearson International.
- 2. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., "Web Technology", Prentice Hall of India
- 3. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel,"Java How to Program", Prentice Hall of India
- 4. E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming In Java", TMH Publications

- 1. Mahesh P. Matha, "Core Java A Comprehensive study", Prentice Hall of India
- 2. Uttam K.Roy, "Web Technologies", Oxford University Press

EMBEDDED SYSTEMS (MCAPE314)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- **1.** To provide a broad knowledge about E-commerce, its history, advantages and disadvantages.
- 2. To provide an overview of network infrastructure and E-commerce infrastructure.
- **3.** To understand different types of E-business models and managing the e-Enterprise.
- **4.** To study about risk management, electronic data interchange, E-marketing and website design issues.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the purpose, characteristics, quality attributes and major application areas of embedded systems.

CO2: Study typical embedded systems, their memory and communication interface.

CO3: Learn about Embedded Firmware Design approaches and Development Languages.

CO4: Study about RTOS Based Embedded System Design

CO5: Study about different types of task communication and task synchronization issues and techniques.

MODULE-I: (8 Periods)

Introduction to Embedded Systems : Definition of Embedded System, Embedded Systems Vs General Computing Systems, History of Embedded Systems, Classification, Major Application Areas, Purpose of Embedded Systems, Characteristics and Quality Attributes of Embedded Systems.

MODULE-II: (8 Periods)

Typical Embedded System: Core of the Embedded System: General Purpose and Domain Specific Processors, ASICs, PLDs, Commercial Off-The-Shelf Components (COTS), **Memory:** ROM, RAM, Memory according to the type of Interface, Memory Shadowing, Memory selection for Embedded Systems, Sensors and Actuators, **Communication Interface:** Onboard and External Communication Interfaces.

MODULE-III: (8 Periods)

Embedded Firmware: Reset Circuit, Brown-out Protection Circuit, Oscillator Unit, Real Time Clock, Watchdog Timer, Embedded Firmware Design Approaches and Development Languages.

MODULE-IV: (8 Periods)

RTOS Based Embedded System Design: Operating System Basics, Types of Operating Systems, Tasks, Process and Threads, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Scheduling.

MODULE-V: (8 Periods)

Task Communication: Shared Memory, Message Passing, Remote Procedure Call and Sockets, **Task Synchronization:** Task Communication/Synchronization Issues, Task Synchronization Techniques, Device Drivers, How to Choose an RTOS.

Text Books:

1. Shibu K.V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", McGraw Hill Publishing

- 1. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems", TMH Publishing
- 2. Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, "Embedded System Design", John Wiley Publishing

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (MCAPE315)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. Describe the use and function of management information systems.
- 2. Identify and describe the different roles of people in information systems.
- 3. Explain the strategic value of information systems in the organization.
- 4. Describe the impact of information systems in the larger context of ethics and globalization.
- 5. Identify trends in information systems that will impact the next generation of business.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this Course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Describe the basic concept of management information systems.

CO2: Describe the organization of management information systems.

CO3: Describe the structure of Management Information System.

CO4: Describe the System Support System, Transaction processing.

CO5: Describe the development and project management.

MODULE – I (08 Periods)

SYSTEM CONCEPTS: Definition, Computer based user machine system, integrated system, Need for a database, Utilization of models, Evolution, Subsystems, Organizational subsystems, Activities subsystems.

MODULE – II (08 Periods)

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE: Basic model, Hierarchical, Specialization, Formalization, Centralization, Modifications of basic organizational structure, Project organization, Lateral relations, Matrix organization, Organizational culture and power organizational change.

MODULE – III (08 Periods)

STRUCTURE OF MIS: Operating elements, Physical components, Processing functions, Outputs, MIS support for decision making, Structured programmable decisions, Unstructured non-programmable decisions – MIS structure based on management activity and organizational functions, Synthesis of MIS structure

MODULE – IV (08 Periods)

SYSTEM SUPPORT: Data representation, Communication network, Distributed systems, Logical data concepts, Physical storage devices, File organizations, Data base organization, Transaction processing.

MODULE – V (08 Periods)

DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT: A contingency approach to choosing an application, Developing strategy, Lifecycle definition stage, Lifecycle development stage, Lifecycle installation and operation stage, Project management.

Text Books:

1. Gordon B. Davis, Margrethe H. Olson, Management Information Systems: Conceptual foundations, Structure and development –2nd Edition – Tata-Mc Graw hill International Book Company, 2000

- 1. E. Wainright Martin, Carol V. Brown, Danial W. DeHayes, Jeffrey A. Hoffer, William C. Perkins, "Managing Information Technology" 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall International edition 1999.
- 2. Harold Koontz, Heinz Weihrich, "Essentials of Management", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill 1998.

ELECTIVE- III & IV

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING (MCAPE401)

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. The fundamentals of digital image processing
- 2. Image transform used in digital image processing
- 3. Image enhancement techniques used in digital image processing
- 4. Image restoration techniques and methods used in digital image processing and Image compression and Segmentation used in digital image processing

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: To discuss on the basics of digital image processing and digital image formation. To illustrate different mathematical preliminaries to deal with digital image processing.

CO2: To be able to Develop Fourier transform for image processing in frequency domain and image Enhancement: Spatial Domain

CO3: To be able to evaluate the methodologies for image segmentation, restoration, enhancement, etc.

CO4: Understand the need for image compression and multi resolution analysis and to learn the spatial and frequency domain techniques of image compression.

CO5: Learn different feature extraction techniques for image analysis and recognition. To be able to implement image process and analysis algorithms. To be able to Apply image processing algorithms in practical applications.

Module – I: (8 Periods)

Fundamentals of Image Processing: Introduction, Steps in image processing systems, Image acquisition ,Sampling and Quantization, Pixel relationships, Color fundamentals and models, File formats, Image operations, Arithmetic, Geometric and Morphological.

MODULE - II (6 Periods)

Image Enhancement: Spatial Domain: Gray level Transformations, Histogram processing, Spatial filtering smoothing and sharpening. Frequency Domain: Filtering in frequency domain, DFT, FFT, DCT, Smoothing and sharpening filters, Homomorphic Filtering.

MODULE - III (6 Periods)

Image Segmentation and Feature Analysis: Detection of Discontinuities, Edge operators, Edge linking and Boundary Detection, Thresholding, Region based segmentation, Morphological Watersheds, Motion Segmentation, Feature Analysis and Extraction.

MODULE - IV (10 Periods)

Multi Resolution Analysis and Compressions: Multi Resolution Analysis: Image Pyramids, Multi resolution expansion, Wavelet Transforms. Image compression: Fundamentals, Models, Elements of Information Theory, Error free compression, Lossy Compression, Compression Standards.

MODULE - V (10 Periods)

Applications of Image Processing:

Image classification, Image recognition, Image understanding, video motion analysis, Image fusion, Steganography, Digital compositing, Mosaics, Color Image Processing

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, "Digital Image Processing", Pearson Education.
- 2. Anil K. Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac and Roger Boyle, "Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision", Thomson Learning.

DATA MINING (MCAPE402)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are:

- 1. To identify the scope and essentiality of Data Warehousing and Mining.
- 2. To analyze data, choose relevant models and algorithms for respective applications.
- 3. To study spatial and web data mining.
- 4. To develop research interest towards advances in data mining.

Course Outcome:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the overview of Data Mining, Data Warehouse and OLAP. Able to understand the knowledge representation in Data mining.

CO2: Able to implement Association rules and Frequent pattern mining to solve real life problem.

CO3: Acquire ability to understand and use data mining task such as classification prediction and clustering to solve various real and challenging problems. Students will be able to excel himself/herself as a design engineer in any industries/R&D sector, particularly in the area of Data science.

CO4: Student will be able to get insight concept of attribute oriented analysis and data preprocessing task in data mining.

CO5: Students will be able to excel himself/herself in to the concept of data warehouse, OLAP and OLTP and Capable to work in future Data Science software industry.

Module –I (08 Periods)

Introduction to Data Mining: What is data mining?, Related technologies - Machine Learning, DBMS, OLAP, Statistics, Data Mining Goals, Stages of the Data Mining Process, Data Mining Techniques, Knowledge discovery from Data, Applications.

Module –II (10 Periods)

Association rules and Frequent pattern mining: Motivation and terminology, Basic idea about item sets, Generating item sets and rules efficiently, Market basket analysis, Apriori Algorithm, FP Growth Tree Algorithm, Correlation analysis.

Module – III (10 periods)

Data Mining Tasks: Classification (Basic learning/mining tasks, Inferring rudimentary rules: Decision trees, Covering rules), Prediction (The prediction task, Statistical (Bayesian) classification, Bayesian networks, Instance-based methods (nearest neighbour), Linear models)

Module – IV (6 periods)

Attribute-oriented analysis: Attribute generalization, Attribute relevance, Class comparison, Statistical measures, **Data pre-processing:** Data cleaning, Data transformation, Data reduction.

Module – V (6 Periods)

Data Warehouse, OLAP and OLTP: Data Warehouse and DBMS, Multidimensional data model, OLAP operations.

Text Books:

- 1. J. Han and M. Kamber, "**Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques**", Morgan Kaufman Publisher
- 2. H. Witten and E. Frank, "Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann Publisher

- 1. M. H. Dunham. Data Mining, "Introductory and Advanced Topics" Pearson Education Publisher
- 2. D. Hand, H. Mannila and P. Smyth,"**Principles of Data Mining**" Prentice-Hall Publisher

ADVANCE COMPUTER NETWORK (MCAPE403)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. To understand the protocols suit and techniques applied in local area networks.
- 2. To discuss the wired LAN, ATM network and Frame relay networks
- 3. To able to discuss the relevant routing Protocol for the given network situation.
- 4. To familiarise the internetworking and Internet routing protocols.
- 5. To gain the knowledge on advanced version of application layer and requirement of internetwork security.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: explain the other network techniques used in physical layer of computer networks

CO2: demonstrate the applications of Local Area Networks in different areas.

CO3: able to choose relevant routing Protocol for the given network situation.

CO4: understand the tunnelling concepts and uses of gateways routing protocols.

CO5: be familiar with the application of application layer protocols and essential security in internet.

Module-I (10 Periods)

Overview and basics of Internet: TCP/IP protocol suit, **Multiplexing and Local area networks:** Multiplexing, Types of Multiplexing- FDM, TDM, SM; - Ethernet, token ring, FDDI; switching - circuit switching, packet switching, multicasting.

SONET/SDH standards, Dense Wavelength division multiplexing (DWDM), switching and telephone networks, wireless WAN: Cellular Telephone and Satellite Networks.

Module-II (05 Periods)

Virtual-Circuit Networks: Frame Relay and ATM, **Wired LANs:** Ethernet, Connecting LANs, Backbone Networks, and Virtual LANs, Congestion Control and Quality of service, **Network layer:** Addressing, IP versions, Address Mapping, Error Reporting, and Multicasting.

Module-III (10 Periods)

Routing Algorithms: The Optimality Principle, Hierarchical Routing, Broadcast Routing, Mul, ticast Routing, Routing for Mobile Hosts. **Multi-Media over Internet**: RTP, RSVP, IP Multicasting, Voice Digitization standards, G.729 and G.723 and H.323. **Routing in the Internet**: Intra and inter domain routing, Unicast, RIP, OSPF, BGP; Multicast Routing Protocols: MOSPF, DVMRP, Drawbacks of traditional routing methods, IP over ATM, Multi-protocol Label switching (MPLS), and Storage Area Networks (SAN).

Module-IV (06 Periods)

Internetworking: Networks Differences, Connecting Networks, Concatenated Virtual Circuits, Connection less Internetworking, Tunneling, Internetwork Routing, Fragmentation, **Network Layer in the Internet**: The IP Protocol, IP Addresses, Internet Control Protocols, OSPF-The Interior Gateway Routing Protocol, BGP-The Exterior Gateway Routing Protocol, Internet Multicasting.

Module -V (10 Periods)

Application Layer: Multimedia: Introduction to Digital Audio, Audio Compression, Streaming Audio, Voice over IP, Introduction to Video, Video Compression, Video on Demand, The MBone – The Multicast Backbone, Network Security, Network Security, Cryptography and Network Security, Symmetric Key Algorithms, Public Key Algorithms, Digital Signatures, Management of Public Keys, Communication Security, And Web Security, Enterprise Network Security: DMZ, NAT, SNAT, DNAT, Security in Internet, E-mail Security.

Text Books:

- 1. Data Communication and Networking 5E Forouzan Behrouz A. McGraw Hill Education (India), New Delhi, 2005, ISBN-13:978-1-25-906475-3
- 2. Internetworking with TCP/IP, Volume I, Fourth Edition. Comer Douglas E, Prentice Flail of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2014 ISBN-81-203-2065-4
- 3. Computer Networks, Fourth Edition Tanenbaum Andrew S. PHI Learning, New Delhi- 2014 ISBN-81-203-2175-8

- 1. Advanced Computer Network B.M. Harwani and DT Editorial Services Dreamtech New Delhi- 2014 ISBN 978-93-5004-013-3
- 2. Computer Networks Principles, Technologies and Protocols for Network Design Natalia Olifer, Victor Olifer Wiley ISBN

DISTRIBUTED OPERATING SYSTEM (MCAPE404)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To recognize the essential concepts of distributed system.
- 2. To comprehend about the communication that takes place in Distributed systems.
- 3. To realize the necessity of synchronization, consistency and Fault tolerance in a Distributed System.
- 4 To value the Process management, Shared memory paradigms and their applications.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: List the principles of distributed systems and describe the problems and challenges associated with these principles.

CO2: Understand Distributed Computing techniques, and Processes.

CO3: Apply Message Passing and RPC concepts for communication in distributed environment.

CO4: Design a distributed system that fulfils requirements with regards to key distributed systems properties like Distributed Shared Memory.

CO5: Understand the importance of synchronization in distributed systems.

Module-I (08 Periods)

Distributed Computing System: Introduction, Evolution of Distributed Computing Systems, Distributed Computing System Models, Reason for Popularity, Distributed Operating System Issues in Designing a Distributed Operating System, Distributed Computing Environment (DCE), Computer Networks Types, LAN Technologies, WAN Technologies, Communication Protocols, Internetworking, ATM Technology

Module-II (08 Periods)

Message Passing: Introduction, Desirable Features of a Good Message-Passing System, Issues in IPC by Message Passing, Synchronization, Buffering, Multidatagram Messages, Encoding and Decoding of Message Data, Process Addressing, Failure Handling, Group Communication.

Module-III (08 Periods)

Remote Procedure Calls: Introduction, The RPC Model, Transparency of RPC, Implementing RPC Mechanism, Stub Generation, RPC Messages, Marshalling Arguments and Results, Server Management, Parameter-Passing Semantics, Call Semantics, Communication Protocols for RPCs

Module-IV (08 Periods)

Distributed Shared Memory: Introduction, General Architecture of DSM Systems, Design and Implementation Issues of DSM, Granularity, Structure of Shared Memory Space, Consistency Models, Replacement Strategy Thrashing, Other Approaches to DSM, Heterogeneous DSM, Advantages of DSM.

Module -V (08 Periods)

Synchronization: Introduction, Clock Synchronization, Event Ordering, Mutual Exclusion, Deadlock, Election Algorithms

Text Books:

- 1. Distributed Computing by Sunita Mahajan & Seema Shah, OXFORD Books
- 2. Distributed Operating Systems by Andrew S Tannebaum, Pearson Publications

- 1. Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design by George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, Tim Kindberg, Pearson Publications
- 2. Distributed Computing, Fundamentals, Simulations and Advanced topics, 2nd Edition, Hagit Attiya and Jennifer Welch, Wiley India

CLOUD COMPUTING (MCAPE405)

L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand the fundamental ideas behind Cloud Computing, the evolution of the paradigm, its applicability, benefits, as well as current and future challenges.
- 2. To Learn cloud enabling technologies and get exposure to advanced clouds.
- 3. To Explore cloud SOA technologies, relevant Workflow framework, and Virtualization technology.
- 4. To understand the cloud security threats and protective mechanism for cloud computing and existing Cloud computing platforms and Technologies

COURSE OUTCOME:

After learning the Cloud Computing course the students should be able to:

- **CO1**. Compare the strengths and limitations of cloud computing.
- CO2. Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
- **CO3**. Understand the role of SOA Technologies and Workflow framework.
- **CO4**. Apply suitable virtualization concept.
- **CO5.** Choose the appropriate Cloud application, Programming Model and approach based on security and threats.

Module-I (08 Periods)

Basics of Cloud Computing: Introduction, Evolution of Cloud Computing, Cluster Computing, Grid Computing, Mobile Computing, Popular Views, Characteristics of Cloud Computing.

Module-II (08 Periods)

Introduction to Cloud Computing: Need for Cloud Computing, Types of Cloud Deployment Models, Types of Cloud Service Models, Security Paradigms and Issues of Cloud Computing, Some Popular Cloud Service Providers for PaaS, SaaS, IaaS, NIST Cloud Architecture.

Module-III (08 Periods)

Cloud Framework: Introduction, Framework for Cloud Computing Environment, Service Oriented Architecture (SOA), Life Cycle of Services in SOA Integrating SOA and the Cloud, Cloud Framework, Framework Constraints, Workflow and Co-ordination of Multiple Activities, Need of Workflow, Examples of Workflow Tools

Module-IV (08 Periods)

Virtualization: Introduction, Needs of Virtualization in Cloud Computing Environment, Advantages of Virtualization Technique in Cloud Computing Environment, Category of Virtual Machine, Virtualization Model for Cloud Computing, Categorization of Guest OS Virtualization Techniques, Mapping Technique of Virtual Machine to Physical Machine in a Private Cloud, Draw Backs of Virtualization

Module-V (08 Periods)

Computing Platforms and Technologies: Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Case Studies: Application Paradigms of Cloud Computing, Security Threats and Protection in Cloud Computing

Text Books

- 1. Mastering Cloud Computing by Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, TMH.
- 2. George Reese Cloud Application Architectures, First Edition, O'Reilly Media.

- 1. Cloud Computing and SOA Convergence in Your Enterprise A Step-by-Step Guide by David S. Linthicum, Pearson.
- 2. Cloud Computing, Dr. Kumar Saurabh, Wiley India.

SIMULATION AND MODELLING (MCAPE406)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand the technique of simulation and study different system models.
- 2. To study continuous system simulation and CSMP-III language.
- **3.** To study probability concepts in simulation and different types of random number generators along with standard tests for random numbers.
- **4.** To study Discrete Event System Simulation and GPSS language.
- **5.** To study computer models of Queueing, Inventory and Scheduling systems and about the design of simulation experiments and analysis of simulation output.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the technique of simulation and different types of system models.

CO2: Understand the probability concepts in simulation and study different random number generator techniques along with standard tests for random numbers.

CO3: Study discrete system simulation like the simulation of a telephone system.

CO4: Study GPSS language and various GPSS programs.

CO5: Study computer models of queueing, inventory and scheduling systems, Variance Reduction techniques and analysis of simulation output.

MODULE-I: (8 Periods)

Inventory Concept: The technique of Simulation, Major application areas, concept of a System, Environment, Continuous and Discrete systems, System Modeling, Types of models, Progress of a Simulation Study, Monte Carlo Method, Comparison of Simulation and Analytical Methods. Numerical Computation Technique for discrete and continuous models, Continuous System Simulation.

MODULE-II: (8 Periods)

Probability Concepts in Simulation: Stochastic variables, Discrete and Continuous Probability Functions, Numerical evaluation of continuous probability functions, continuous

uniformly distributed random numbers, Random Number Generators – Linear Congruential Generator, Additive and Multiplicative Congruential Generators, Mid Square Method, Rejection Method, Testing of random numbers, Generation of Stochastic Variates, Arrival Patterns, Service Times.

MODULE-III: (8 Periods)

Discrete System Simulation: Discrete Events, Representation of Time, Generation of Arrival Patterns, Fixed Time Step versus Next Event Simulation, Simulation of a Telephone System, Delayed Calls.

MODULE-IV: (8 Periods)

Introduction to GPSS: Creating and moving transactions, queues, facilities and storages, gathering statistics, conditional transfers, program control statements, priorities and parameters, standard numerical attributes, functions, gates, logic switches and tests, Variables, Select and Count, Example GPSS problems.

MODULE-V: (8 Periods)

Simulation Languages and Practical Systems: Continuous and Discrete Systems Languages, Factors in the selection of Discrete Systems Simulation Language, Computer Model of Queuing, Inventory and Scheduling Systems. **Design and Evaluation of Simulation Experiments:** Length of Simulation Runs, Validation, Variance Reduction Techniques, Experimental Layout, Analysis of Simulation Output, Recent Trends and Developments.

Text Books:

- 1. Geoffrey Gordon, "System Simulation", PHI Publication.
- 2. Narsingh Deo, "System Simulation with Digital computer", PHI Publication.

- 1. Jerry Banks and John S.Carson, Barry L. Nelson, David M.Nicol, "Discrete Event System Simulation", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall Publication.
- 2. Shannon, R.E, "Systems simulation, The art and science", Prentice Hall Publication.
- 3. Thomas J. Schriber, "Simulation using GPSS", John Wiley Publication.

WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORK (MCAPE407)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand the architecture of Wireless Sensor Networks.
- 2. To study and learn different protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks.
- **3.** To study about networking sensors.
- **4.** To study and learn about infrastructure establishment of Wireless Sensor Networks.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the challenges and enabling technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks.

CO2: Study about the architecture, energy consumption, Operating Systems and Execution Environments for Wireless Sensor Networks.

CO3: Study about networking sensors and MAC protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks.

CO4: Study different Infrastructure Establishment techniques for Wireless Sensor Networks.

CO5: Study about Sensor Node Hardware and Software platforms, Node-level Simulators and State-centric Programming

MODULE-I: (06 Periods)

Overview of Wireless Sensor Networks: Introduction, Challenges for Wireless Sensor Networks, Enabling Technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks.

MODULE-II: (10 Periods)

Architectures: Single-Node Architecture, Hardware Components, Energy Consumption of Sensor Nodes, Operating Systems and Execution Environments, Network Architecture Sensor Network Scenarios, Optimization Goals and Figures of Merit, Gateway Concepts.

MODULE-III: (10 Periods)

Networking Sensors: Physical Layer and Transceiver Design Considerations, MAC Protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks, Address and Name Management, Assignment of MAC Addresses, Routing Protocols- Energy-Efficient Routing.

MODULE-IV: (08 Periods)

Infrastructure Establishment: Topology Control, Clustering, Time Synchronization, Localization and Positioning, Sensor Tasking and Control.

MODULE-V: (06 Periods)

Sensor Network Platforms and Tools: Sensor Node Hardware, Programming Challenges, Node-level software platforms, Node-level Simulators, State-centric programming

Text Books:

- 1. Holger Karl & Andreas Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", John Wiley.
- 2. Anna Hac, "Wireless Sensor Network Designs", John Wiley & Sons.

- 1. Edgar H. Callaway, Jr. and Edgar H. Callaway, "Wireless Sensor Networks: Architectures and Protocols," CRC Press.
- 2. Victor Lesser, Charles L. Ortiz, and Milind Tambe, "Distributed Sensor Networks: A Multiagent Perspective," Kluwer Publishing

SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT (MCAPE408)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To introduce the concepts of project management and planning.
- 2. To understand the management activities and risk management.
- 3. To understand the management monitoring, contracts and acceptance.
- **4.** To be able to manage the resource allocation and estimation techniques.
- 5. To be able to learn the behaviour of team members, characteristics of model.

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Identify the different project contexts and suggest an appropriate project management strategy.

CO2: Practice the role of project planning, risks associated in successful software development.

CO3: Identify and describe the key phases of project monitoring and contracts in management.

CO4: understand the role of resource allocation and effort estimation in project management process.

CO5: learn to apply the concept of project management and planning on organizing team and people's behaviour.

Module-I (10 Periods)

Introduction to Software Project Management: Project Definition, Contract Management, Activities Covered by Software Project Management, Overview Of Project Planning, plan methods, methodology.

Project Evaluation: Strategic Assessment, Technical Assessment, Cost Benefit Analysis, Cash Flow Forecasting, Cost Benefit Evaluation Techniques, Risk Evaluation, **selection of project approach:** discussion on models, choice of process models.

Module-II (07 Periods)

Activity Planning: Objectives, Project Schedule, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Forward Pass, Backward Pass, Activity Float, Shortening Project Duration, Activity on Arrow Networks, **Risk Management:** Nature Of Risk, Types Of Risk, Managing Risk, Hazard Identification, Hazard Analysis, Risk Planning And Control.

Module-III (08 Periods)

Monitoring and Control: Creating Framework, Collecting the Data, Visualizing Progress, Cost Monitoring, Earned Value analysis, Prioritizing Monitoring, Getting Project Back to Target, Change Control, **Managing Contracts:** Introduction, Types of Contract, Stages in Contract Placement, Typical Terms of a Contract, Contract Management, Acceptance.

Module-IV (05 Periods)

Resource allocation: introduction and nature of resources, identification of resource requirements, scheduling, creating critical path, cost schedule, counting cost. **Effortestimation:** basics of software estimation, techniques, COCOMO-II, cost, staffing pattern.

Module-V (10 Periods)

Managing People and Organizing Teams: Introduction, Understanding Behaviour, Organizational Behaviour: Background, Selecting The Right Person For The Job, Instruction In The Best Methods, Motivation, The Oldman, Hackman Job Characteristics Model, Working In Groups, Becoming A Team, Decision Making, Leadership, Organizational Structures, Stress, Health And Safety

Text Books:

1. Bob Hughes, Mikecotterell, "Software Project Management", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing

- 1. Ramesh, Gopalaswamy, "Managing Global Projects", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing
- 2. Royce, "Software Project Management", Pearson Education Publishing
- 3. Jalote, "Software Project Management in Practice", Pearson Education Publishing

ADVANCE DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MCAPE409)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts and terminology related to DBMS and Relational Database Design.
- 2. To the design and implement Distributed Databases.
- 3. To understand advanced DBMS techniques to construct tables and write effective queries, forms, and reports.

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: Able to understand relational database and FDs Implication, Closure, its correctness.

CO2: Able to understand Decomposition and synthesis approaches and Basics of query processing.

CO3: Able to understand DB transactions, ACID properties.

CO4: Able to understand locks, 2PL, deadlocks, multiple level granularity.

CO5: Able to understand T/O based techniques, Multiversion approaches, XML and relational databases.

MODULE-I (8 Periods)

Formal review of relational database and FDs Implication, Closure, its correctness.

MODULE-II (8 Periods)

3NF and BCNF, Decomposition and synthesis approaches, Review of SQL99, Basics of query processing, external sorting, file scans.

MODULE-III (8 Periods)

Processing of joins, materialized vs. pipelined processing, query transformation rules, DB transactions, ACID properties, interleaved executions, schedules, serialisability.

MODULE-IV (8 Periods)

Correctness of interleaved execution, Locking and management of locks, 2PL, deadlocks, multiple level granularity, CC on B+ trees, Optimistic CC.

MODULE-V (8 Periods)

T/O based techniques, Multiversion approaches, Comparison of CC methods, dynamic databases, Failure classification, recovery algorithm, XML and relational databases.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. R. Ramakrishnan, J. Gehrke, Database Management Systems, McGraw Hill, 2004
- 2. A. Silberschatz, H. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Database system concepts, 5/e, McGraw Hill, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Elmasri, S.B Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database System", Adesion Wesley Publishing

DATA ANALYTICS (MCAPE410)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Apply the statistical analysis methods.
- 2. Compare and contrast various soft computing frameworks.
- 3. Design distributed file systems.
- 4. Apply Stream data model.
- 5. Use Visualisation techniques

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: Be exposed to big data

CO2: Learn the different ways of Data Analysis

CO3: Be familiar with data streams

CO4: Learn the mining and clustering

CO5: Be familiar with the visualization

MODULE-I (8 Periods)

INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA: Introduction to Big Data Platform – Challenges of conventional systems - Web data – Evolution of Analytic scalability, analytic processes and tools, Analysis vs reporting - Modern data analytic tools, Stastical concepts: Sampling distributions, resampling, statistical inference, prediction error.

MODULE-II (8 Periods)

DATA ANALYSIS: Regression modelling, Multivariate analysis, Bayesian modelling, inference and Bayesian networks, Support vector and kernel methods, Analysis of time series: linear systems analysis, nonlinear dynamics - Rule induction - Neural networks: learning and generalization, competitive learning, principal component analysis and neural networks; Fuzzy logic: extracting fuzzy models from data, fuzzy decision trees, Stochastic search methods.

MODULE-III (8 Periods)

MINING DATA STREAMS: Introduction to Streams Concepts – Stream data model and architecture - Stream Computing, Sampling data in a stream – Filtering streams – Counting distinct elements in a stream – Estimating moments – Counting oneness in a window – Decaying window - Real-time Analytics Platform(RTAP) applications - case studies - real time sentiment analysis, stock market predictions.

MODULE-IV (8 Periods)

FREQUENT ITEMSETS AND CLUSTERING: Mining Frequent itemsets - Market based model - Apriori Algorithm - Handling large data sets in Main memory - Limited Pass algorithm - Counting frequent itemsets in a stream - Clustering Techniques - Hierarchical - K- Means - Clustering high dimensional data - CLIQUE and PROCLUS - Frequent pattern based clustering methods - Clustering in non-euclidean space - Clustering for streams and Parallelism.

MODULE-V (8 Periods)

FRAMEWORKS AND VISUALIZATION: MapReduce – Hadoop, Hive, MapR – Sharding – NoSQL Databases - S3 - Hadoop Distributed file systems – Visualizations - Visual data analysis techniques, interaction techniques; Systems and applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Springer, 2007.
- 2. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, Mining of Massive Datasets, Cambridge University Press, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Bill Franks, Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with advanced analystics, John Wiley & sons, 2012.
- 2. Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data, John Wiley & Sons, 2007 Pete Warden, Big Data Glossary, O"Reilly, 2011.
- 3. Jiawei Han, Micheline

ADVANCE COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE (MCAPE411)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To recognize the essential concepts of Pipelining and Vector processing.
- 2. To comprehend about different Computer Arithmetic operations and their hardware fundamentals.
- 3. To understand Parallel computer models, their fundamentals and Processor characteristics with Memory hierarchy.
- 4. To explore the different available Pipelining and Superscalar techniques for efficient computer system design.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After learning the Advance Computer Architecture course the students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the Concept of Parallel Processing and its applications.

CO2: Implement the Hardware, concepts for different Arithmetic Operations.

CO3: Analyze the performance of different scalar Computers.

CO4: Develop the Pipelining Concept for a given set of Instructions.

CO5: Distinguish the performance of pipelining and non-pipelining environment in a processor.

MODULE-I (8 Periods)

Pipeline and vector processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processors.

MODULE-II (8 Periods)

Computer Arithmetic: Addition and Subtraction, Hardware Implementation, Multiplication Algorithms and Hardware Implementation, Division Algorithms and Hardware Implementation, Floating Point Arithmetic Operations.

MODULE-III (8 Periods)

Parallel Computer Models: Evolution of Computer Architecture, System Attributes to Performance, Shared Memory Multiprocessors, Distributed Memory Multicomputer, Vector Super Computers, SIMD Super Computers.

MODULE-IV (8 Periods)

Processors and Memory Hierarchy: Advanced Processor Technology: Design Space of Processors, Instruction-Set Architectures, CISC scalar Processors, RISC scalar Processors, Super Scalar and Vector Processors: Superscalar Processors.

MODULE-V (8 Periods)

Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques: Linear Pipeline Processors: Asynchronous and Synchronous models, Clocking and Timing Control, Speedup, Efficiency and Throughput, Pipeline Schedule Optimization, Instruction Pipeline Design: Instruction Execution Phases, Mechanisms for Instruction Pipelining, Dynamic Instruction Scheduling, Branch Handling Techniques.

Text Books

- 1. Computer System Architecture, Morris M. Mano, 3rd edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall India.
- 2. Advanced Computer Architecture, Kai Hwang, McGraw-Hill, India.

- 1. Computer Organization and Achitecture, William Stallings ,8th edition,PHI
- 2. Computer Organization, Carl Hamachar, Vranesic, Zaky, 5th edition, McGraw Hill.

INTELIGENT DATA ANALYSIS (MCAPE412)

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To understand the fundamental aspects of Big Data and its significance to data analysis.
- 2. To Learn the Data analysis life cycle and its different phases.
- 3. To Explore the Analytical techniques, tools and technologies for Data analysis.
- 4. To realize the tools for Exploratory data analysis and handling the Unstructured data.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After learning the Intelligent Data Analysis course the students should be able to:

CO1: Address the principles of Big Data and its difference to Data Analytics.

CO2: Describe the life cycle phases of Data Analytics through discovery, planning and building.

CO3: Demonstrate the analytical techniques used in decision making.

CO4: Employ tools and technologies to analyze Big data.

CO5: Apply R tool for developing real time applications

MODULE-I (8 Periods)

Big Data Overview - Data Structures, Analyst Perspective on Data Repositories, State of the Practice in Analytics, BI Versus Data Science, Current Analytical Architecture, Drivers of Big Data, Emerging Big Data Ecosystem and a New Approach to Analytics, Key Roles for the New Big Data Ecosystem, Examples of Big Data .

MODULE-II (8 Periods)

Discovery, Data Preparation, Model Planning, Model Building, Communicate Results, Operationalize Case Study.

MODULE-III (8 Periods)

Overview of Clustering, K-means, Use Cases, Overview of the Method, Determining the Number of Clusters, Diagnostics, Reasons to choose and Cautions, Apriori Algorithm, Evaluation of Candidate Rules, Applications of Association Rules, Validation and Testing, Diagnostics.

MODULE-IV (8 Periods)

Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Reasons to Choose and Cautions, Decision Trees, Naïve Bayes, Bayes Theorem, Naïve Bayes Classifier, Diagnostics of Classifiers.

MODULE-V (8 Periods)

Introduction to R, R Graphical User Interfaces, Data Import and Export, Attribute and Data Types, Descriptive Statistics, Exploratory Data Analysis, Visualization, Before Analysis, Analytics for unstructured data MapReduce, Apache Hadoop, Hadoop Ecosystem.

Text Books

- 1. Tom White "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide" Third Edit on, O'reily Media, 2012.
- 2. Seema Acharya, Subhasini Chellappan, "Big Data Analytics" Wiley 2015.

- 1. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, "Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer, 2007.
- 2. Jay Liebowitz, "Big Data and Business Analytics" Auerbach Publications, CRC press (2013)

DEEP LEARNING (MCAPE413)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Develop relevant programming abilities and demonstrate proficiency with deep learning concepts.
- 2. Develop the ability to use the concepts of regularization in the contexts of neural network training.
- 3. Understand and implement the Recurrent neural network.
- 4. Demonstrate skill in implementation of Convolutional Neural Network and unsupervised deep learning techniques.

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: Student will be aware on the Introduction to Neural Network, Deep Learning, and History of Deep Learning, Introduction to Neural Network.

CO2: Student will understand the concepts of regularization in the contexts of neural network training.

CO3: Student will be able to understand and implement the recurrent neural network and use them to solve real life problem.

CO4: Student will get the concept of Convolutional Neural Network and it implementation.

CO5: Student will be able to understand and use unsupervised deep learning techniques.

Module – I (08 Periods)

Introduction to Deep Learning, History of Deep Learning, Introduction to Neural Network, Multilayer Perceptron, Back Propagation Learning.

Module – II (08 Periods)

Regularization: Bias Variance Tradeo-, L2 regularization, Early stopping, Dataset augmentation, Parameter sharing and tying. Greedy Layerwise Pre-training, Better activation functions, Better weight initialization methods, Batch Normalization

Module – III (08 Periods)

Recurrent Neural Networks, Backpropagation through time, LSTM, GRU

Module – IV (08 Periods)

Convolutional Neural Networks, LeNet, AlexNet, ZF-Net, VGGNet, GoogLeNet, ResNet.

Module – V (08 Periods)

Unsupervised Learning with Deep Network, Restricted Boltzmann Machine, Deep Belief Network, Autoencoders

Text Books:

- 1. Deep Learning from Scratch: Building with Python from First Principles, Seth Weidman, O'REILLY
- 2. Fundamentals of Deep Learning, Nikhil Buduma, O'REILLY

E-COMMERCE AND ERP (MCAPE414)

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The learning objectives of this course are to:

- 1. To understand fundamental aspect of e-commerce.
- 2. To learn e-commerce network and infrastructure.
- 3. To learn about different e-commerce models.
- 4. To understand Electronic Data Interchange.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Demonstrate the evolution, foundations and importance of e-commerce with progressions.

CO 2: Describe the network infrastructure of the e-commerce and its impact through the world wide system.

CO 3: Analyse the impact of e-commerce on business model and enterprise strategy.

CO4: Describe the process model life cycles and risks and issues associated with the e-commerce management system.

CO5: Understand the data interchange in e-commerce, scope of the marketing techniques and marketing strategy through internet, intranet and extranet communication.

MODULE-I (8 Periods)

Introduction to E-commerce: Introduction, E-commerce or Electronic Commerce- An Overview, Electronic Commerce – Cutting edge, Electronic Commerce Framework **Evolution of E-commerce**: Introduction, History of Electronic Commerce, Advantages and Disadvantage of E-commerce, Roadmap of e-commerce in India

Module-II (10 Periods)

Network Infrastructure: Introduction, Network Infrastructure- an Overview, The Internet Hierarchy, Basic Blocks of e-commerce, Networks layers & TCP/IP protocols, The Advantages of Internet, World Wide Web **E-commerce Infrastructure**: Introduction, E-commerce Infrastructure-An Overview, Hardware, Server Operating System, Software, Network Website

Module-III (6 Periods)

Managing the e-Enterprise: Introduction, e-Enterprise, Managing the e-Enterprise, E-business Enterprise, Comparison between Conventional Design and E-organization, Organization of Business in an e-Enterprise.

Module-IV (8 Periods)

e-Commerce Process Models: Introduction, Business Models, E-business Models Based on the Relationship of Transaction Parties, e-commerce Sales Life Cycle (ESLC) Model. **Management of Risk:** Introduction, Risk, Introduction to Risk Management, Disaster recovery plans, Risk management Paradigm.

Module-V (8 periods)

Electronic Data Interchange(EDI): The Meaning of EDI, History of EDI, EDI Working Concept, Implementation difficulties of EDI, Financial EDI, EDI and Internet E-Marketing: The scope of E-Marketing, Internet Marketing Techniques

Website Design Issues: Factors that Make People Return to Your Site, Strategies for Website Development

Text Books:

- 1. David Whitley, "E-Commerce-Strategy, Technologies & Applications", TMH Publishing
- 2. Kamlesh K. Bajaj, "E-Commerce- The cutting edge of Business", TMH Publishing

Reference Books:

1. Ravi Kalakota & Andrew B Whinston, "Frontiers of Electronic Commerce", Pearson Education.

COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA (MCAPE415)

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Understand the Scan Conversion of various geometrical forms and Region filling and know the Two Dimensional Transformations
- 2. Two Dimensional Viewing and Clipping of lines and polygons
- 3. Understand the Three Dimensional Graphics and concept of Projection
- 4. To be familiar with solid area scan conversion and different types of curves and surface design

COURSE OUTCOME:

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1:- Students will get the Practical concepts of Graphics display devices, different types of graphics drawing algorithms.

CO2:- Students will get the concepts how to use of 2D and 3DGeometricalTransformations.

CO3:- Students will get the practical concepts of Hidden Line/surface elimination techniques.

CO4:- Students will get the concepts of Viewing, Curves and surfaces.

CO5:- Students will get the idea of Multimedia concepts and also the concept of Computer Animation

Module-I (10 Periods)

Introduction to Computer Graphics & Graphics Systems: Overview of computer graphics, representing pictures, preparing, presenting & interacting with pictures for presentations; Visualization & image processing; RGB color model, direct coding, lookup table; storage tube graphics display, Raster scan display, 3D viewing devices, Plotters, printers, digitizers, Light pens etc.; Active & Passive graphics devices; Computer graphics software. Scan conversion: Points & lines, Line drawing algorithms; DDA algorithm, Bresenham's line algorithm, Circle generation algorithm; scan conversion of a character, polygon filling algorithm, flood fill algorithm.

Module – II (8 Periods)

2D Transformation & Viewing : Basic transformations: translation , rotation, scaling ; Matrix representations & homogeneous coordinates, transformations between coordinate systems; reflection shear; Transformation of points, lines , parallel lines, intersecting lines. Viewing pipeline, Window to viewport co-ordinate transformation, clipping operations - line clipping, clipping polygons

Module – III (8 Periods)

3D Transformation & Viewing: 3D transformations: translation, rotation, scaling & other transformations. Rotation about an arbitrary axis in space, reflection through an arbitrary plane; general parallel projection transformation; clipping, viewport clipping, 3D viewing.

Module – IV (8 Periods)

Curves: Curve representation, surfaces, designs, Bezier curves, B-spline curves, end conditions for periodic B-spline curves, rational B-spline curves. **Hidden surfaces:** Depth comparison, Z-buffer algorithm, back face detection, scan-line algorithm; Hidden line elimination, wire frame methods

Module – V (6 Periods)

Multimedia: Introduction to Multimedia: Concepts, uses of multimedia, hypertext and hypermedia. Image, video and audio standards. Audio: digital audio, MIDI, processing sound, sampling, compression. Video: MPEG compression standards, compression through spatial and temporal redundancy, inter-frame and intraframe compression. Animation: types, techniques, key frame animation, utility, morphing.

Text Books:

- 1. Hearn, Baker, "Computer Graphics (C version)", Pearson education
- 2. Udit Agarwal, "Computer Graphics", S.K. Kataria & Sons Publication
- 3. D. F. Rogers, J. A. Adams, "Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics" Tata McGraw Hill Publication
- 4. Mukherjee, "Fundamentals of Computer Graphics & Multimedia", PHI

- 1. Andleigh & Thakrar, "Multimedia", PHI Publication
- 2. Mukherjee Arup, "Introduction to Computer Graphics", Vikas Publication

COMPUTER BASED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES (MCAPE416)

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Understand various optimization techniques.
- 2. Learn linear programming.
- 3. Learn Sequencing modelling and crew scheduling.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this Course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Describe the Linear Programming and mathematical formulation.

CO2: Describe the Transportation and Assignment Problems.

CO3: Describe the Network analysis methods.

CO4: Describe the different inventory models.

CO5: Describe the Sequencing modelling and crew scheduling.

MODULE – I (08 Periods)

Linear Programming: Mathematical formulation, Graphical methods of solution, general properties, Simplex method, Duality, dual simplex, post-optimality analysis.

MODULE – II (08 Periods)

Transportation and Assignment Problems: Transportation and transshipment problems, assignment problems, sample programs.

MODULE – III (08 Periods)

Network analysis, CPM and PERT: Shorter route problem, maximal flow problem, project scheduling, critical path calculations, PERT calculations, Sample programs.

MODULE – IV (08 Periods)

Inventory models: Deterministic inventory models, infinite delivery rate with no backorders, infinite delivery rate with back orders, finite delivery rate with back orders. Introduction to probabilistic inventory models, sample programs.

MODULE – V (08 Periods)

Sequencing models: Processing of n jobs through m2 machines, n jobs through 3 machines, 2 jobs through m machines, maintenance crew scheduling.

Text Books:

1. Operations Research – Kanti Swarup, P.K. Gupta, Man Mohan (Sultan Chand & Sons).

- 1. Operations Research: An Introduction Hamdy A. Taha (Prentice Hall of India)
- Introduction to Operations Research: Computer oriented Algorithmic (Mc Graw Hill 1976)
- 3. Quantitative Techniques in Management Volma N.D (T.M.II 1990)
- 4. Operations Research for management Shenoy G. VSrivastava& Sharma (Wiley Eastern II edition)